PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD.

Minutes of 2019Annual General Shareholders' Meeting (Translation)

Time: June 18, 2019 (Tuesday) 9 a.m.

Venue: 4F., No. 2, Xuzhou Road, Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei City

(NTUH International Convention Center)

Present: A total of 378,763,236 shares (including 314,681,990 shares represented by shareholders exercising voting rights electronically) are held by shareholders attending the shareholders' meeting in person or by a proxy, who represent 84.77% of the total number of the Company's outstanding 446,808,824 shares.

Present Directors: Li-Sheng Liang, Tze-Ting Yang, Yung-Tai Pan, Tai-Jau Ku (Independent Director), Chun-Pang Wu (Independent Director)

Chairman: Li-Sheng Liang, the chairman of the Board of Directors

Recorder: Li-Hsueh Lee

A. Meeting called to order:

B. Chairperson Remark: (omitted)

C. Report:

Report No. 1: The Company's 2018 Business Report for review, please refer to Schedule 1.

Report No. 2: Audit Committee's Review Report on the 2018 Financial Statements for review, please refer to Schedule 2.

Report No. 3: Distribution of employees' and directors' compensation in 2018.

Description:

- (1) The Board of Directors resolved to distribute NT\$ 64,430,000 for employees' compensation and NT\$ 32,200,000 for directors' compensation for year 2018.
- (2) According to Article 25 of the Company's "Articles of Incorporation", 2% to 10% of the profit before tax (PBT) (i.e. before deducting the sums of employee's compensation and directors' compensation) shall be distributed as compensation for employees and not more than 2% of the PBT shall be distributed as compensation for directors. The Company's PBT for year 2018 was NT\$2,111,130,209, the amount before deducting the sums of compensation of directors and employees was NT\$2,207,760,209. Hence, the aforementioned compensation of employees and directors are respectively 2.92% and 1.46% of the said NT\$2,207,760,209.
- (3)In the internal financial statements, the employees' compensation was recorded as NT\$64,430,580 and NT\$32,219,290 as directors' compensation for year 2018. The discrepancy amount was NT\$-8,580 and NT\$-19,290 respectively. The discrepancies were the difference between the outcomes of an accounting estimate, which will be handled by principles of accounting change.

D. Adoption

1.

(Proposed by the Board)

Proposal: Adoption of the Company's 2018 Business Report and Financial Statements.

Description:

The Company has completed the internal preparation of the 2018 Annual Parent Company Only and Consolidated Financial Statements and has provided the reports to MEI-PIN WU CPA and CHI-LUNG YU CPA of KPMG Taiwan for review and audit. The CPAs have completed the audit. Please refer to Schedule 1 and Schedule 3 for the above Financial Statements as well as the Business Report.

Resolved: the proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 377,390,759

(Including votes casted electronically: 314,681,990votes)

Voting Results*		% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor	307,626,632 votes (244,935,864votes)	81.51%
Votes against	38,072votes (38,072votes)	0.01%
Votes invalid	0 votes	0.00%
Votes abstained	69,726,055votes (69,708,054 votes)	18.47%

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

2.

(Proposed by the Board)

Proposal: Adoption of the Company's 2018 distribution of earnings.

Description:

(1) The Company's 2018 net profit after tax is NT\$ 1,826,870,779, minus this year's actuarial gain from defined benefit plans NT\$473,288, minusdisposal unrealized gain(losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income carried forward to unappropriated retained earningsNT\$1,256,254, minus legal reserve provision NT\$ 182,687,078, minus special reserve provision NT\$363,283,289, plus beginning retained earnings NT\$3,170,769,195, plus effects of retrospective applicationNT\$42,572,400, the distributable retained earnings are NT\$4,492,512,465. The 2018 distribution of earnings prepared according to the Articles of Incorporation is as follows:

PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. PROFIT ALLOCATION PROPOSAL

December 31, 2018

Unit: NT\$

Item	Amount	
Beginning retained earnings		3,170,769,195
Less: Effects of retrospective application	42,572,400	
Adjusted unallocated earnings, beginning of year		3,213,341,595
Add: Net profit after tax	1,826,870,779	
Less: Actuarial Gain from Defined Benefit Plans	473,288	
Less: Disposal unrealized gain(losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income carried forward to unappropriated retained earnings	1,256,254	
Less: 10% Legal Reserve	182,687,078	
Less: Special reserve provision	363,283,289	
Distributable retained earnings		4,492,512,465
Distribution Item:		
Cash Dividends to Common Share Holders(NT\$2.4 per share)	1,072,341,178	
Unappropriated Retained Earnings		3,420,171,287

Chairman: Li-Sheng Liang General Manager: Li-Sheng Liang

Accounting Manager: Shu-chuan Chang

Note: 1. The per share dividends above are based on the 446,808,324 outstanding shares as of March 15, 2019.

- 2. For the distribution of cash dividends, all dollar amounts less than NT\$ 1 for fractional shares shall be listed as the Company's other income.
- 3. The excepted dividend payout ratio for this distribution of profits is 58.25%
- (2) For this distribution of profits, the 2018 earnings will be subject to distribution on a priority basis.
- (3) The cash dividends total NT\$1,072,341,178 and the per share dividends to be distributed are NT\$2.4. The dividends will be distributed to the shareholders listed in the shareholders' roster on the ex-dividend date according to their respective shareholding. The above distribution ratio is calculated based on the total 446,808,824 outstanding shares as of March 15, 2019. After the proposal is approved at the regular shareholders' meeting, it is proposed the board of directors shall be authorized to determine the ex-dividend date and relevant matters.
- (4) For the distribution of earnings, in the event of satisfaction of the vesting conditions on restrictive stock awards, buyback of the Company's shares, assignment or cancellation of treasury stock which influences the ratio of distributable dividends, it is proposed the shareholders' meeting shall authorize the Board of Directors to make proportionate adjustments to the ratio of distributable dividends based on the number of outstanding shares on the ex-dividend date.

Resolved: the proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 377,390,759

(Including votes casted electronically: 314,681,990votes)

Voting Results*		% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor	307,626,632 votes (244,936,864votes)	81.51%
Votes against	37,072votes (37,072votes)	0.01%
Votes invalid	0 votes	0.00%
Votes abstained	69,726,055votes (69,708,054 votes)	18.47%

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

E. Discussion

1.

(Proposed by the Board)

Proposal: Resolution of amendments to the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets".

Description:

- (1) It is proposed certain provisions of the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets "shall be amended due to the constitution amendment and the Company's operational requirements.
- (2) Refer to Schedule 4 for a comparison of the amendments to the "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets".

Resolved: the proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 377,390,759

(Including votes casted electronically: 314,681,990votes)

Voting Results*		% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor	307,574,632 votes (244,883,864 votes)	81.50%
Votes against	39,072 votes (39,072 votes)	0.01%
Votes invalid	0 votes	0.00%
Votes abstained	69,777,055 votes (69,759,054 votes)	18.48%

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

(Proposed by the Board)

Proposal: Resolution of amendment to the Company's "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties".

Description:

2.

- (1) It is proposed certain provisions of the Company's "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties" shall be amended due to the constitution amendment.
- (2) Refer to Schedule 5 for a comparison of the amendments to the "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties"

Resolved: the proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 377,390,759

(Including votes casted electronically: 314,681,990votes)

	% of the total represented share present	
Votes in favor	307,574,632 votes (244,879,864 votes)	81.49%
Votes against	42,072 votes (42,072 votes)	0.01%
Votes invalid	0 votes	0.00%
Votes abstained	69,778,055 votes (69,760,054 votes)	18.48%

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

3. (Proposed by the Board)

Proposal: Resolution of amendment to the Company's "Procedures for Endorsements & Guarantees".

Description:

- (1) It is proposed certain provisions of the Company's " Procedures for Endorsements & Guarantees " shall be amended due to the constitution amendment.
- (2) Refer to Schedule 6 for a comparison of the amendments to the "Procedures for Endorsements & Guarantees"

Resolved: the proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 377,390,759

(Including votes casted electronically: 314,681,990votes)

Voting Results*		% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor	307,573,632 votes (244,882,864 votes)	81.50%
Votes against	40,072 votes (40,072 votes)	0.01%
Votes invalid	0 votes	0.00%
Votes abstained	69,777,055 votes (69,759,054 votes)	18.48%

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

4. (Proposed by the Board)

Proposal: Resolution of issue of Restricted Employee Stock Award.

Description:

- (1)In accordance with Article 267 of the Company Act and Regulations Governing the Offering and Issurance of Sercurities by Securities Issuers published by the Financial Supervisory Commission.
- (2)Expected total amounts(shares) of issuance : 2,000,000 shares.
- (3)Expected issue price: NT\$0 per share

(4) Vesting conditions:

I. Vesting conditions:

Divided into three categories: A, B and C and the vesting of each is based on achieving personal performance goals.

(I) Vesting for Category A:

- i. Each Award shall vest at a rate of thirty percent (30%) at the end of the first twelve months of continuous employment after granting the Award and achievement of personal performance goals and business performance goals in the previous year.
- ii. Each Award shall vest at a rate of thirty percent (30%) at end of two years of continuous employment after granting the Award and achievement of personal performance goals and business performance goals in the previous year.
- iii. Each Award shall vest at a rate of forty percent (40%) at end of three years of continuous employment after granting the Award and achievement of personal performance goals and business performance goals in the previous year.

(II) Vesting for Category B:

- i. Each Award shall vest at a rate of fifty percent (50%) at the end of the first twelve months of continuous employment after granting the Award and achievement of personal performance goals and business performance goals in the previous year.
- ii. Each Award shall vest at a rate of fifty percent (50%) at end of two years of continuous employment after granting the Award and achievement of personal performance goals and business performance goals in the previous year.

(III) Vesting for Category C:

Employees who are continuously employed by the Company for one year after granting of the awards and have accomplished the individual's performance goals and business performance goals established by the Company for the one-year period before the expiry date will be entitled to 100% shares.

- (IV) The aforementioned personal performance goals shall mean the accomplishment of individual performance goals in accordance with the Company's "Performance Evaluation and Development Measures", including pre-set goals and special awards.
- (V) The aforementioned business performance goals shall mean the Earnings Per Share (EPS) and the Return On Equity (ROE) of the Company for the previous year prior to the scheduled date to vest are not less than NT\$3 and 12% respectively.
- II. The type of shares: new common shares of the Company.
- III. Measures to be taken when employees fail to meet the vesting conditions or in the event of inheritance: In circumstance where the Restricts Stock was not vested due to failure to meet vesting conditions, such shares will be bought back by the Company without charge and will be written off.

(5) Qualification requirements for employees:

- I. Employees who will be eligible to receive Award are limited to full-time employees who have registered with the Company, and will be limited to the ones who are important to the Company's future success and development; whose individual performance are valuable to the Company; or those who are considered as the valuable newhires.
- II. Eligible employees and the actual number of shares to be granted will take into account the rank of the employee, performance, overall contribution and other factors, as well as the

Company's operational requirements and business development strategy. Prior approval of the Compensation Committee shall be obtained for those who are employed as managers.

- III. The total number of shares each individual employee may acquire by exercising the Award, plus the total number of employee stock options issued by the Company in accordance with Article 56-1 (1) of Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, shall not exceed 0.3% of the total number of issued shares. In addition, the number of shares each individual employee may acquire through the exercise of employee stock options issued by the Company in accordance with Article 56-1 (1) of the said Regulations shall not exceed 1% of the total number of issued shares.
- (6) The reason why it is necessary to issue restricted stocks for employees:

 For attracting and retaining outstanding professionals, in order to create long-term Company growth and benefits for employees and shareholders.
- (7) Calculated expense amount:

Estimations are made based on NT\$60, the Company's highest closing share price for common shares over the 60 trading-day period prior to March 6, 2019. The amount of annual cost sharing for year 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 shall be NT\$1,583,333, NT\$45,700,000, NT\$44,850,000, NT\$21,466,667 and NT\$6,400,000 respectively, with a total amount of NT\$120,000,000.

(8) Dilution of EPS and other factors affecting shareholder's equity:

Estimations are made based on NT\$60, the Company's highest closing share price for common shares over the 60 trading-day period prior to March 6, 2019. The diluted EPS for year 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 shall be NT\$0.00, NT\$0.10, NT\$0.10, NT\$0.05 and NT\$0.01 respectively.

(9)Restricted rights before employees meet the vesting conditions:

Restrictions, covenants or outstanding issues in relation to the establishment of this Plan shall be dealt in accordance with the relevant laws and the Company's Procedures.

(10)Other important stipulations:

The new shares issued by the Company through the exercise of Restrictes Stock shall be dealt in accordance with measures for stock trust.

- (11) Any other matters that need to be specified:
 - I. The Award shall be issued mainly for Category A. Award for Category B and C will be issued subject to the commitment, and for the below purpose:
 - (I)For employment of major talents.
 - (II)For the urgent cases (Retain for main technical talents, main manufacturing process talents and high operational impact managers).

The average number of Restricted Employee Stock Award issued for Category B in recent years (Y2016 to Y2017) is 1.2% of the total number of Restricted Employee Stock Award; Category C is 0%.

- II. In circumstance where amendments to the conditions for issuance of Restricts Stock are required by instructions from the competent authorities, the amended of relevant laws and rules, or in response to financial market conditions, the Chairman of the Company is authorized to amend these provisions, which shall become effective upon approval by the Board of Directors.
- III. Based on the total number of issued shares (446,875,324 shares) as of March 6, 2019, the 2,000,000 new shares to be issued will account for 0.45% of the total number of issued shares

Resolved: the proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 377,390,759

(Including votes casted electronically: 314,681,990votes)

Voting Results*		% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor	305,250,334 votes (242,559,566 votes)	80.88%
Votes against	2,363,370 votes (2,363,370 votes)	0.62%
Votes invalid	0 votes	0.00%
Votes abstained	69,777,055 votes (69,759,054 votes)	18.48%

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

5. (Proposed by the Board)

Proposal: To discuss the Company's subsidiary, Tymphany Acoustic Technology(Huizhou) Co., Ltd., to make an initial public offering and apply for the listing of its common shares (A Shares) on the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

Description:

(1) The purposes of the IPO and listing of Oversea Stock Market

The Company's subsidiary, Tymphany Acoustic Technology (Huizhou) Co., Ltd. ("TATC"), is planning to apply for the listing of its common shares on the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange for rapid expansion of business in China, attraction of local talents, enhancement of market influences and integration of resources. The Company indirectly owns 71.4321% shares of TATC now. If the process of IPO has been successfully completed, it will bring positive effects to the Company's image and business, and increase the value of the Company's investment. Therefore, the Company and all shareholders will be benefited.

- (2) Assessment of the impact on the Company's financial and business operations and impact of the proposed changes in the organizational structure and business on the Company.
 - I. On financial operations
 - (I)With the injection of new capital, TATC expects to expand and improve its current product development and business competitiveness, enhance its innovation capabilities and expand its business with respect to audio accessories, speakers and its components in China. The expansion and improvement shall enhance the Company's net profits and stockholders' equity.
 - (II)The proposed IPO and listing on the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange will open an addition channel for the Company to raise capital, make the capital resources more diversified in China, and reduce current capital costs and related financial costs.
 - (III) The Company will still retain its control over TATC after the proposed IPO and listing on the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange is approved. TATC will issue new shares for the proposed IPO and accordingly it does not involve any transfer of the Company's existing shares.
 - II. On business operations
 - (I)The proposed IPO and listing on the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange will enhance the Company's image, attract local talents, and increase production capacity, which will assist the Company to develop the corporate group's business.
 - (II)After the proposed IPO and listing on the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, with the injection of new capital, TATC will increase its

competitive ability and expand current market. By increasing the scale of business, research and development capabilities, and market position, TATC will raise the threshold of market and enhance the current advantages, which will bring more profits.

III. The proposed changes in the organizational structure and business on the Company.

There is no sudden adjustment because TATC is applying for an IPO. The organizational structure of TATC will build up a sound shareholders' meeting, board of directors, and board of supervisors, independent directors and board secretary in accordance with local regulations.

IV. Impact of the proposed changes in the organizational structure and business on the Company.

TATC will build up the organizational structure in accordance with local regulations and its business won't be changed upon the proposed IPO, so there is no impact on the Company.

(3) Share diversifications and proposed reduction of shareholding

TATC plans to apply for an IPO and listing on the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange with the par value of one RMB per share. The total number of new shares proposed to be issued is approximately 10% (tentative) of TATC's total capital at the time of issuance. It is expected that the shareholding ratio indirectly owned by the Company will be reduced around 7.14%. If the proposed IPO and listing is approved, the Company will request the shareholders' meeting to authorize the board of directors and other representative designated by it to discuss with lead securities underwriter for making necessary adjustments at their discretion with regard to final issuance volume and offering price based on the local regulations, required capitals, communication with the regulator of the stock exchange, and market conditions.

(4) The use of the capital raised through the proposed IPO and listing

The purpose of the raised capital is majorly for the investment with respect to "Tymphany Acoustic Technology (Huizhou) Co., Ltd intelligent audio new campus project" and other permitted areas, including but limited to supplement of working capital.

(5) The offering price

The final IPO price will be determined according to the procedures established by the relevant listing regulations or other methods recognized by the regulator of the relevant stock exchange.

(6) Investors of the new shares to be issued

The potential investors of the new shares to be issued by TATC through the proposed IPO and listing include natural persons having the stock account in the local stock exchange, corporate investors, and other investors qualified by the regulator of the relevant stock exchange. The Company will not participate in subscribing any new share to be issued this time.

(7) Impact on the continuity of the Company's own listing on the Taiwan Stock Exchange The Company existing listing in Taiwan will not be affected after the proposed IPO and listing on the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

(8) Others

- I.The application for the proposed IPO and listing has not been filed. Accordingly, there remain uncertainties with regard to when to file such an application and how long the approval process will take.
- II. It should be noted that according to the relevant securities laws and requirements of the regulator of the stock exchange in the Mainland China, the directly and indirectly controlling shareholders (including the Company) of TATC are required to avoid engaging in

businesses that are competing with TATC's. TATC's direct or indirect shareholders (including the Company) accordingly will have to sign non-compete undertakings in compliance with the aforesaid requirements. Since the Company has a controlling power over TATC, signing a non-compete agreement does not violate the Fair Trade Law of the Republic of China.

- III. It should be further noted that according to the relevant securities laws and regulations in the Mainland China, there are other representations and warranties that the directly and indirectly controlling shareholders (including the Company) of TATC need to provide, such as IPO lock-up and Stock price stability commitment, etc. The Company will make such representations and warranties as required and execute relevant documents accordingly.
- IV.In order to cooperate with TATC's application with respect to the listing of its common shares on the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, the Company may request the shareholders' meeting to authorize the Board of Directors or other representative designated by it to handle all matters, including but not limited to engaging professional firms and determination of issuance terms, timing, volume, target, method, pricing strategy, issue price (including the range between prices and final price), the date of issuance, strategic placement, the usage of raised capital, other commitment letter and confirmation letter, relevant document and other IPO and listing details, etc., with full discretion concerning the proposed IPO and listing according to the progress of IPO and listing, the opinions of the competent authority, the relevant laws and regulations in the Mainland China, market conditions or actual situation.

Resolved: the proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 377,390,759

(Including votes casted electronically: 314,681,990votes)

Voting Results*		% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor	307,434,132 votes (244,743,364 votes)	81.46%
Votes against	179,572 votes (179,572votes)	0.04%
Votes invalid	0 votes	0.00%
Votes abstained	69,777,055 votes (69,759,054 votes)	18.48%

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

F. Election

1. (Proposed by the Board)

Proposal: Election of independent director.

Description:

- (1) According to the Articles of Incorporation, the Board shall consist of from five to nine directors. Due to the resignation of Director Hai-Hung Yang on October 1, 2018, the Board is short of one seat of director.
- (2) In order to coordinate with the Company's operational planning and strengthen corporate governance, it is proposed to elect one independent director. Refer to Schedule 7 for the candidate information.
- (3) The new elected independent director shall have a term from June 18, 2019 to May 29, 2021.
- (4) The election shall be conducted according to the Company's "Rules for Election of Directors".

Election Results: The list of the newly elected director and votes received as follows

Title	Shareholder number or ID number	Name	Votes Received
Independent Director	A221*****	Jia-Chyi Wang	297,623,768
Independent Director	A221*****	Jia-Chyi Wang	297,623

F. Other Matters:

1.

(Proposed by the Board)

Proposal: Resolution of removal of the non-compete restrictions on directors.

Description:

- (1) According to Article 209 of the Company Act, a director who conducts business within the business scope of the Company for himself or others shall explain to the meeting of shareholders the essential contents of such an act and secure its approval.
- (2) To draw on the expertise and relevant experience of the Company's directors to the benefit of the Company, as certain directors concurrently work for other companies, which may constitute the act restricted under Article 209 of the Company Act, it is proposed for resolution to remove the non- compete restrictions on Director Li-Sheng Liang, Director Yung-Tai Pan, Director Yung-Chung Pan and newly elected director. Refer to Schedule 8 for the details.

Resolved: the proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 377,390,759

(Including votes casted electronically: 314,681,990votes)

Voting Results*		% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor	296,253,981 votes (233,563,213votes)	78.50%
Votes against	54,572votes (54,572votes)	0.01%
Votes invalid	0 votes	0.00%
Votes abstained	81,082,206votes (81,064,205votes)	21.48%

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

G. Extempore Motion: None.

H. The meeting was adjourned at 10:25 a.m.

(The Minutes record the summary of the essential points of the proceedings and the results of the meeting in accordance with Article 183 of Company Act. For more details please refer to the audio and video recording of the meeting.)

Business Report

In 2018, growth of the global economy had weakened. Although new consumer electronics were still being introduced to the market and emerging technologies were being applied on a larger scale, uncertainties associated with the ongoing trade war between USA and China caused demands to weaken on a global scale, which undermined the performance of the global manufacturing industry. For an economy that is highly dependent upon export, Taiwan's electronics manufacturing sector has suffered greatly as a result.

Amidst the challenging environment, PRIMAX has adhered to its existing strategy of stability and directed focus towards maintaining revenue growth and optimizing its product portfolio. With regards to business activities, increasing popularity and evolution of smart speakers in product technology and features have contributed significantly to Tymphany's revenues and profits. As for auto electronics, one of our long-established product lines, PRIMAX received certification from major international auto maker in 2018, beginning shipment of multi-lens automobile camera modules and contributing revenues during the year. This certification and shipment represents PRIMAX's successful entry into the field of intelligent drive. With regards to PC peripherals, the gaming market continued to exhibit growth in 2018, an advantage that PRIMAX has capitalized on by collaborating with top gaming brands to introduce newer products into the market. Today, gaming business continues to drive transformations of the PC peripherals sector, aside from its significant revenue and profit contributions.

In terms of manufacturing technology, PRIMAX remains committed to its highest standard for product quality and yields. Meanwhile, the organization is actively adopting the concept of Industry 4.0 and has initiated a series of transformation and improvements to the manufacturing process as well as R&D capacity to further enhance its competitive advantage, thereby preparing the organization for the next stage of growth.

The following is an overview of the Company's 2018 performance.

I. 2018 Financial Performance

(I) Financial Results

The Company generated NT\$64,811,408 thousand of consolidated net revenues worldwide in 2018, representing a 6.7% growth over the NT\$60,741,692 thousand in 2017. Consolidated net income totaled NT\$1,913,975 thousand in 2018, representing an 11.8% decline compared to the NT\$2,168,981 thousand in 2017.

(II) Cash Flow Analysis

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Account	2018	2017	Net change
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	1,786,951	3,412,165	(1,625,214)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	(2,917,352)	(1,452,394)	(1,464,958)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	(1,539,774)	(451,649)	(1,088,125)

(III) Profitability Analysis

Account	2018	2017
Return on Equity (%)	13.69	17.20
Operating Income to Paid-in Capital (%)	43.41	49.33
Profit before Tax to Paid-in Capital (%)	52.84	63.85
Net Profit Margin (%)	2.95	3.57
Earnings per Share (Dollars)	4.12	4.67

(IV) R&D Investments

The Company spent NT\$2,664,477 thousand on research and development expenses in 2018 as a means to enhance its R&D capacity and competitive advantage. This investment was spent on the development and design of new products/technologies and improvement of the production process.

II. Business Strategy and Technology Developments

In 2019, PRIMAX will continue focusing its business development efforts in areas that it possesses a technological advantage, and strive to increase the market share of new products while at the same time exploring application and transformation opportunities for existing products. Non-PC peripheral have emerged to become a key revenue and profit contributor to the Company in recent years, for which PRIMAX will aim to increase its share in the ODM market and continuously expand the scope of products manufactured in the coming year. Demands for acoustic products such as smart speakers and wireless headphones are expected to grow in 2019, a trend that the Company plans to take advantage of by collaborating more closely with customers on product design and adoption of new technologies.

Year 2018 marked PRIMAX's successful entry into the field of auto electronics, and the Company plans to build on top of this success in 2019 by growing its shipment of automobile camera modules in terms of volume, quality and market share. In addition, PRIMAX will actively explore new customers and make auto electronics the third pillar of its business operations. Technologies including cloud computing, mobile device, digital home and IoT have gradually matured, therefore the Company will shift its camera module development focus towards the integration of multi-lens, AI and intelligent image processing for broader applications.

In the PC peripheral segment, revenues and profits from gaming products continued to exhibit significant growth in 2018, and is gradually becoming a dominant force that drives the transformation of PC peripheral. Demands in the gaming market should remain active throughout 2019, and the Company's long-established technology and design capacity will enable it to meet new market trends and customers' needs. By actively assisting customers with their product development, we expect to inspire new revenue growth from this particular business segment.

In terms of production management, the Company will be making progressive upgrades to its production capacity in 2019 to realize its vision of intelligent manufacturing and Industry 4.0. Starting with the adoption of automated production process and new information technology for communications, PRIMAX expects to reduce production cost, increase yield and optimize utilization of production capacity.

The global economy should remain susceptible to the impacts of the US-China trade war, geopolitics and protectionism in the coming year, which the Company plans to respond by focusing on Asia as the world's fastest growing market and the dominant supply chain, and adopt a global manufacturing philosophy inspired by Industry 4.0.

Chairman and General Manager: Li-Sheng Liang

Accounting Manager: Shu-chuan Chang

Audit Committee's Review Report

To: Shareholders' Meeting of Primax Electronics Ltd.

Among the Company's 2018 Business Report, Financial Statements and Proposal for Distribution of Earnings prepared and submitted by the Board of Directors, the Financial Statements have been fully audited by KPMG Taiwan which has issued the audit report.

The Audit committee members have audited the above Business Report, Financial Statements and Proposal for Distribution of Earnings and determined they are in compliance with the Company Act and other applicable laws and regulations and therefore issue this report pursuant to the provisions of Article 219 of the Company Act. I hereby submit this report.

Chairman of the Audit Committee: Tai-Jau Ku

Date: March 28, 2019

Independent Auditors' Report

To the board of directors of PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD.:

Opinion

We have audited the parent company only financial statements of PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD.("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors (please refer to Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2018 and 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. Based on our audits and the report of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Other Matter

We did not audits the financial statements of certain investments accounted for using equity method. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those investments, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The Company's investment in these companies constituting 13% and 6% of the total assets, as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The related share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method amounted constituting 31% and 17% of the profit before tax, for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In our professional judgments, key audit matters to be communicated in the independent auditors' report are listed below:

1. Evaluation of inventories

Please refer to Note 4(g) "Inventories", Note 5 "Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty", and Note 6(f) "Inventories" of the financial statements.

Description of key audit matter:

Inventories of the Company are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Due to the fast high-tech revolution, as well as the advancement of production technologies that may lead the dramatic change in customers' demand, the net realizable value of inventories requires subjective judgments of the management, which is the major source of estimation uncertainty. Therefore, the evaluation of inventories is one of the key audit matters for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures included: understanding the policies of evaluating the inventories of the Company; inspecting whether existing inventory policies are applied; examine the accuracy of the aging of inventories by sampling and analyze the changes of the aging of inventories; sampling the inventories sold in subsequent period to assess whether the allowance for inventories are reasonable.

2. Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method

Please refer to Note 4(i) "Business combination" and Note 6(h) "Acquisition of subsidiaries".

Description of key audit matter:

In 2018, the Company obtained control over Belfast Limited (renamed as ALT International Co., Ltd (Cayman) after the acquisition) which became its sub-subsidiary through its subsidiary, Primax AE (Cayman) Holdings Ltd. This merger is deemed as a non-routine and significant transaction for the year 2018 and will influence the users' comprehension on the financial statements. Therefore, the acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method is one of the key audit matters for the audit of the parent company only financial statement.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

The principal audit procedures on the acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method includes: determining whether the above transaction is in compliance with the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies and the internal control regulations; reading the contracts to obtain a deeper understanding about the counter-party, price and other information; reviewing the payments, registration of shares amendment and other external document; appointing our internal expert to review the purchase price allocation report of shares, and assessing the reasonability of assumptions.

3. Investments accounted for using equity method

Please refer to Note 4(h) "Investments in subsidiaries", and Note 5 "Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty" of the financial statements.

Description of key audit matter:

The Company's investments accounted for using equity method are all subsidiaries of the Company. Based on the scope and nature of their businesses which may influence the outcome of their operations, the net realizable value of inventories in certain subsidiaries required the managements to make subjective judgments, which is the major source of estimation uncertainty. Therefore, the valuation of inventories of the investments accounted for using equity method is one of the key audit matters for our audit.

In 2014, the Company acquired Tymphany Worldwide Enterprises Ltd. through its subsidiary, Diamond (Cayman) Holdings Ltd.; and in 2018, the Company obtained control over Belfast Limited (renamed as ALT International Co., Ltd. (Cayman) after the acquisition) through its subsidiary, Primax AE (Cayman) Holdings Ltd.. The merger resulted in the Company to recognize its goodwill, technologies, and customer relations, as intangible assets. The rapid industrial transformation and the assessment of impairment contained estimation uncertainty; therefore, the assessment of impairment of intangible assets, recognized from the business combination by the subsidiary accounted for using equity method, is one of the key audit matters for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

For the principal audit procedures on the valuation of inventories of the investments accounted for using equity method, please refer to key audit matters 1 "Evaluation of inventories". In addition, the consolidated financial statements of Tymphany Worldwide Enterprises Ltd. and its subsidiaries were audited by other auditors; therefore, we issued audit instructions to their auditors as guidelines to communicate the key audit matters with them and obtained the feedbacks required in the audit instructions.

The principal audit procedures on the assessment of impairment of intangible assets of the investments accounted for using equity method included: evaluating the identification of cash generating units and any indication of impairment relating to intangible assets made by management; acquiring intangible evaluation reports from external expert engaged by the Company; appointing our internal expert to review the evaluation reports and assessing the reasonability of measurements, parameters, and assumptions; evaluating the operation outcomes and comparing them to the past forecasts; making sensitivity analysis for evaluation of impairment losses and evaluating the completeness of disclosure in the financial reports.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the investments in other entities accounted for using the equity method to express an opinion on this parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion of the Company.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are MEI-PIN WU and CHI-LUNG YU.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 28, 2019

Notes to Readers

The accompanying parent company only financial statements are intended only to present the statements of financial position, financial performance and its cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such parent company only financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying parent company only financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and parent company only financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD.

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	1 1	\$ 950,000 3 -	5,161 - 28,195 -	10,475,212 38 8,339,013 35	. 19,449 - 103,107 -	1,228,790 4 1,828,968 8	244,773 1 206,129 1	213,283 1 248,553 1	55,556 - 135,555 -	1,062,412 4	14,254,636 51 $10,889,520$ 45		357,703 2 423,944 2	27,777 - 83,333 -	807,831 3 885,580 4	612,012 2 461,235 2	1,805,323 7 1,854,092 8	16,059,959 58 12,743,612 53	4,474,523 16 4,456,883 18	- 3,085 -	1,377,077 5 1,232,490 5	1,187,783 5 982,041 4	299,065 1 97,300 -	5,038,483 18 5,008,344 21	(751,110) (3) (394,871) (1)	11,625,821 42 $11,385,272$ 47	$s_{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}27,685,780}$ 100 $24,128,884$ 100
	Liabilities and Equity Current liabilities:	Short-term borrowings (note 6(1))	Notes and accounts payable	Accounts payable to related parties (note 7)	Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))	Other payables (note 7)	Salaries payable	Other current liabilities	Long-term borrowings, current portion (note 6(m))	Refund liabilities		Non-Current liabilities:	Long-term accounts payable to related parties (note 7)	Long-term borrowings (note 6(m))	Long-term deferred revenue (note 6(i))	Other non-current liabilities (notes 6(0) and (p))		Total liabilities	Ordinary shares (note 6(q))	Capital collected in advance (note 6(q))	Capital surplus (note 6(q))	Legal reserve (note 6(q))	Special reserve (note 6(q))	Unappropriated retained earnings (notes 6(c) and (q))	Other equity interest (note $6(c)$)	Total equity	Total liabilities and equity
		2100	2170	2180	2120	2200	2201	2300	2320	2365			2622	2540	2630	2600			3110	3140	3200	3310	3320	3350	3400		
December 31, 2017	Amount %	3,979,290 17	93,095 -	6,256,390 26	29,181 -	184,718 1	2,128,441 9	27,641 -	12,698,756 53		397,252 2	•		10,287,105 45	- 960,69	251,589 1	18,351 -	338,330 1	•	11,430,128 47							24,128,884 100
December 31, 2018 Do	1 1	\$ 2,239,009 8	75,081 -	7,505,903 27	111,619 1	258,597 1	2,182,893 8	30,164	12,403,266 45			263,624 1	14 160 264 51		92,023 -	248,028 1	13,738 -	433,179 2	•	15,282,514 55							\$ 27,685,780 100
		ents (note 6(a))	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))	et (notes 6(e) and (t))	Accounts receivable from related parties, net (notes 6(e), (t) and 7)	s 6(e) and 7)					Non-current available-for-sale financial assets (note 6(d))	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive		Investments accounted for using equity method (notes ofg) and /)	uipment (note 6(i))	note 6(j))	; 6(k))	ote 6(p))	sets								
	Assets Current assets:	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	Current financial asset	Accounts receivable, net (notes 6(e) and (t))	Accounts receivable from	Other receivables (notes 6(e) and 7)	Inventories (note 6(f))	Other current assets		Non-current assets:	Non-current available-	Non-current financial	meonie (note o(c))	investments accounted	Property, plant and equipment (note 6(i))	Investment property (note 6(j))	Intangible assets (note 6(k))	Deferred tax assets (note 6(p))	Other non-current assets								Total assets

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD.

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars , Except for Earnings Per Share)

		2018		2017	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue (notes 6(t), (u) and 7)	\$ 33,984,435	100	35,023,563	100
5000	Operating costs (notes 6(f), (o), (v), 7 and 12)	31,565,824	93	32,785,654	94
	Gross profit from operations	2,418,611	7	2,237,909	6
	Operating expenses (notes 6(o), (r), (v), 7 and 12):				
6100	Selling expenses	530,897	2	605,515	2
6200	Administrative expenses	475,000	1	434,624	1
6300	Research and development expenses	999,294	3	971,418	3
6450	Reversal of expected credit loss (note 6(e))	(54,910)			
	Total operating expenses	1,950,281	6	2,011,557	6
	Net operating income	468,330	1	226,352	
	Non-operating income and expenses:				
7010	Other income (notes 6(c), (w), and 7)	39,800	-	52,076	-
7020	Other gains and losses (notes $6(d)$, (x) and 7)	288,389	1	619,291	2
7070	Share of profit of subsidiaries accounted for using equity method	1,332,971	4	1,291,934	4
7050	Finance costs	(18,361)		(10,820)	
	Total non-operating income and expenses	1,642,799	5	1,952,481	6
	Profit before income tax	2,111,129	6	2,178,833	6
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note 6 (p))	284,259	1	121,418	
	Profit	1,826,870	5	2,057,415	6
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss):				
8310	Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
8311	Losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans (note 6(0))	(473)	-	(5,909)	-
8316	Unrealized losses from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(134,472)	-	-	-
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit				
	or loss				
		(134,945)		(5,909)	<u> </u>
8360	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations financial statements	(187,628)	(1)	(112,643)	-
8362	Unrealized losses on available-for-sale financial assets (note 6(y))	-	-	(331,977)	(1)
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss				
		(187,628)	<u>(1</u>)	(444,620)	<u>(1</u>)
8300	Other comprehensive income (after tax)	(322,573)	<u>(1</u>)	(450,529)	<u>(1</u>)
	Comprehensive income	\$ <u>1,504,297</u>	4	1,606,886	5
	Earnings per share (note 6(s))				
9710	Basic earnings per share (NT dollars)	\$	4.12		4.67
9810	Diluted earnings per share (NT dollars)	\$	4.09		4.63

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)
PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD.

Statements of Changes in Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Other equity interest Unrealized gains (losses) from

	ē	-					Exchange	financial assets at	Unrealized		
	Share capital	Ditai	•		Ketained earnings		differences on	Tair value	gains (losses)	11	
	Ordinary	collected in				Unappropriated	uansiauon oi foreign financial	unrougn otner comprehensive	on available-10r- sale financial	employee	
			Capital surplus	- 1	- 1	retained earnings	statements	income	assets	compensation	Total equity
Balance on January 1, 2017	\$ 4,421,343	3,024	791,466	788,634	97,300	4,779,419	(259,911)		405,466	(27,017)	10,999,724
Profit	•			,	,	2,057,415			•	•	2,057,415
Other comprehensive income						(5,909)	(112,643)		(331,977)		(450,529)
Comprehensive income	•					2,051,506	(112,643)	•	(331,977)		1,606,886
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:											
Appropriated legal reserve				193,407	,	(193,407)			•	,	
Cash dividends of ordinary share						(1,111,886)					(1,111,886)
Changes in shares of investment accounted for using equity method	•		299,514	•		(517,288)		•			(217,774)
Retirement of restricted stock	(940)		(2,881)							3,821	
Amortization expense of restricted employee stock	•		,	,	,	•	,	,	•	79,420	79,420
Compensation cost of share-based payment	•		11,072						•		11,072
Exercise of employee stock options		15,892									15,892
Issuance of ordinary shares for employee stock option and abandonment	6,480	(15,831)	11,289	,			,	,			1,938
Issuance of restricted stock	30,000		122,030	,			,	,	'	(152,030)	
Balance on December 31, 2017	4,456,883	3,085	1,232,490	982,041	97,300	5,008,344	(372,554)	,	73,489	(92,806)	11,385,272
Effects of retrospective application						42,573		30,916	(73,489)		
Balance on January 1, 2018 after adjustments	4,456,883	3,085	1,232,490	982,041	97,300	5,050,917	(372,554)	30,916	'	(95,806)	11,385,272
Profit	•				,	1,826,870			,	,	1,826,870
Other comprehensive income					,	(473)	(187,628)	(134,472)	-		(322,573)
Comprehensive income					,	1,826,397	(187,628)	(134,472	-		1,504,297
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:											
Appropriated legal reserve	•			205,742	,	(205,742)					
Appropriated special reserve					201,765	(201, 765)			,	,	
Cash dividends of ordinary share	•			,	,	(1,430,068)	•	•	,	,	(1,430,068)
Changes in shares of investment accounted for using equity method	•		81,571	,	,	,	•	134	,	,	81,705
Amortization expense of restricted employee stock	•		•	,			•	•	1	84,615	84,615
Retirement of restricted stock	(3,640)		(45,324)							48,964	
Issuance of restricted stock	20,000		106,535				•	•		(126,535)	
Issuance of ordinary shares for employee stock option	1,280	(3,085)	1,805				•	•			
Disposal of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other											
comprehensive income					,	(1,256)		1,256			
Balance on December 31, 2018	\$ 4,474,523		1,377,077	1,187,783	299,065	5,038,483	(560,182)	(102,166)	-	(88,762)	11,625,821

See accompanying notes to parent company only financial statements.

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) ${\bf PRIMAX\ ELECTRONICS\ LTD.}$

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

•			2018	2017
Adjacements or reconcile profit (ines):				
Dependent not recentify profit (new pages) Dependent and amontations agenes 30,461 11,200 10		\$	2,111,129	2,178,833
Dispersion and amortization sequence 4,045 1,015	·			
Page			40 667	43 534
Amortization of long-term deferred revorsion (revoral of provision) for had debt expense and sales returns and discoss to (4,910) 5,73,870 Reversal of special credits for Provision (revoral of provision) for had debt expense and sales returns and discoss to (4,910) 1,249 6,000 Literest expense 1,249 6,000 6	·			
Reversal of expectal credit inset / Provision (reversal of provision) fire bad debt expense and sales returns and discusses (5,40) (3,74) Intercest income (17,88) (20,28) Compensation coul of share should payment (13,297) (13,297) (13,207) (13,207) (13,208)				
Interest speems				
Camparation 1,78				
Compensation of share-based payments (1,32,97) (1,919,91) Share of priof subsidiaries accomed for sing equity method (3,327) (1,919,91) Cain on disposal of properly, plant and equipment (3,08,77) (3,08,77) Amorization of uncellader recume of patients disposed (5,05) (1,50,12) To adjustments to recomelity efforts (1,50,21) (1,50,21) Accounts receivable, including related parties (1,29,21) (1,50,51) Office receivable (1,29,32) (3,50,51) Invention (1,29,32) (3,50,51) Office current assets (1,29,52) (3,50,51) Other current assets (1,20,52) (3,50,51) Office current assets (1,50,52) (3,50,51) Office current liabilities (3,10,51) (3,50,51) Office current liabilities (3,23,51) (3,50,51) Office current liabilities (3,50,51) (3,50,51) Case, semi operating isassifiant flatibilities (3,50,51) (3,50,51) Case, semi operating isassifiant flatibilities (3,50,50) (3,50,50) Case, semi operating isassifiant f	•			
(知)の の	Compensation cost of share-based payment			79,420
(知)の の	Share of profit of subsidiaries accounted for using equity method		(1,332,971)	(1,291,934)
Amortization of unralized revenue of parted shipsoed C.3.5(1) C.1.7(1) Classis in operating assets and liabilities (1.24) (2.1) C.1.5(1) <			-	(186)
Total adjistments or econicipy of the 180 course receivable, including related parties (1,55,15), 25, 155, 155, 155, 155, 155, 155, 155,	Gain on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets		-	(330,887)
Accounts cever hand including related parties	Amortization of unrealized revenue of patents disposed		(2,571)	
Accounts receivable, including related parties (1,249,12) \$12,812 Other crecivable (27,39) \$2,808 Other crecivable (27,39) \$2,088 Other coperating assets (18,014) 4,222 Other operating assets (18,014) 4,222 Notes and counts payable, including related parties 21,101,60 (15,002) Other current tabilities 22,304 (10,303) Other current tabilities 36,204 (15,022) One proprinting liabilities 4,505,000 2,505,000 Changes in operating liabilities 4,505,000 4,505,000 Changes in operating liabilities 1,107,129 5,505,000 Total changes in operating liabilities 1,107,129 5,008,000 Casting op	Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)		(1,556,164)	(1,741,258)
Monter cerivable	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Description 1,22,220 1,22,2			(1,249,212)	
Other current assets 6,253 5,891 Other operating assets (1,369,555) 2,479,183 Notes and accounts payable, including related parties (2,113,165 (1,769,025) Salaries payable 38,644 (1,512,12) Other payables 223,930 (10,371) Other payables 223,930 (10,371) Other payables 281,236 10,459 Long-term deferred revenue 281,236 10,459 Other payables 281,236 10,459 Other payables 281,236 10,459,830 Other payables 281,236 10,458,830 Changes in operating liabilities 281,236 10,458,830 Other payables in operating passets and liabilities 1,320,338 1,321,238 Total changes in operating assets and liabilities 1,320,338 1,321,233 Interest received 1,220,400 1,220,400 Interest received 1,220,400 1,220,400 Increase payable for operating activities 1,220,200 1,220,200 Net cash flows from operating activities 2,281,222				
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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD.: **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors (please refer to Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2018 and 2017, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), interpretation as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of certain subsidiaries. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion, insofar as it relates to those subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, the assets of these subsidiaries constitute 33% and 30%, respectively, of the consolidated total assets. For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the operating revenue of these subsidiaries constitute 41% and 34%, respectively, of the consolidated operating revenue.

PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. has prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion with other matter paragraph.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgments, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In our professional judgments, key audit matters to be communicated in the independent auditors' report are listed below:

1. Evaluation of inventories

Please refer to Note 4(h) "Inventories", Note 5 "Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty", and Note 6(f) "Inventories" of the consolidated financial statements.

Description of key audit matter:

Inventories of the Group are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Due to the fast high-tech revolution, as well as the advancement of production technologies that may lead dramatic change in customers' demand, the net realizable value of inventories requires subjective judgments of the management, which is the major source of estimation uncertainty. Therefore, evaluation of inventories is one of the key audit matters for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures included: understanding the policies of evaluating the inventories of the Group; inspecting whether existing inventory policies are applied; examine the accuracy of the aging of inventories by sampling and analyse the changes of the aging of inventories; sampling the inventories sold in the subsequent period to assess whether the allowance for inventories are reasonable.

In addition, the consolidated financial statements of certain subsidiaries were audited by other auditors, therefore, we have issued audit instructions to their auditors as guidelines to communicate the above key audit matters with them and reviewed other auditors' working papers, as well as obtained the feedbacks required in the audit instructions.

2. Acquisition of subsidiaries

Please refer to Note 4(j) "Business combination" and Note 6(h) "Business combination".

Description of key audit matter:

In 2018, PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. obtained control over Belfast Limited (renamed as ALT International Co., Ltd. (Cayman) after the acquisition) which became its sub-subsidiary through its subsidiary, Primax AE (Cayman) Holdings Ltd.. This merger is deemed as non-routine and significant transaction for the year 2018 and will influence the users' comprehension on the financial statements. Therefore, the acquisition of subsidiaries is one of our key audit matters for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

The principal audit procedures on the acquisition of subsidiaries includes: determining whether the above transaction is in compliance with the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies and the internal control regulations; reading the contracts to obtain a deeper understanding about the counter-party, price and other information; reviewing the payments, registration of shares amendment and other external document; appointing our internal expert to review the purchase price allocation report of shares, and assessing the reasonability of assumptions.

3. Impairment assessment of intangible assets

Please refer to Note 4(o) "Impairment of non-financial assets", Note 5 "Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty", and Note 6(m) "Intangible assets" of the consolidated financial statements.

Description of key audit matter:

In 2014, PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. acquired Tymphany Worldwide Enterprises Ltd. through its subsidiary, Diamond (Cayman) Holdings Ltd.; and in 2018, PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. obtained control over Belfast Limited (renamed as ALT International Co., Ltd. (Cayman) after the acquisition) through its subsidiary, Primax AE (Cayman) Holdings Ltd.. The merger resulted in PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. to recognize its goodwill, technologies, and customer relations, as intangible assets. The rapid industrial transformation and the assessment of impairment contained estimation uncertainty; therefore, the assessment of impairment of intangible assets is one of the key audit matters for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

The principal audit procedures on the assessment of impairment of intangible assets included: evaluating the identification of cash generating units and any indication of impairment relating to intangible assets made by the management; acquiring intangible evaluation reports from external expert engaged by the Group; appointing our internal expert to review the evaluation reports and assessing the reasonability of measurements, parameters, and assumptions; evaluating the operation outcomes and comparing them to the past forecasts; making sensitivity analysis for evaluation of impairment losses and evaluating the completeness of disclosure in the consolidated financial reports.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretations as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are MEI-PIN WU and CHI-LUNG YU.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 28, 2019

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated statement of financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Assets	December 31, 2018 Amount	1 -1	December 31, 2017 Amount %		Liabilities and Equity	December 31, 2018 De Amount %	December 31, 2017 Amount %	
	Current assets:					Current liabilities:			
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	\$ 4,990,458	12	7,821,011 21	2100	Short-term borrowings (notes 6(n) and 8)	\$ 1,202,565 3	995,638 3	
1110	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))	115,608	,	141,151 -	2120	Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))	19,980 -	103,107 -	
1170	Notes and accounts receivable, net (notes 6(e) and (v))	16,382,468	38	13,014,207 35	2170	Notes and accounts payable	18,447,564 43	16,350,178 43	
1180	Accounts receivable from related parties, net (notes 6(e), (v) and 7)	539,820	-	105,911 -	2180	Accounts payable to related parties (note 7)	94,106 -		
1200	Other receivables (note 6(e))	1,040,546	3	737,687 2	2200	Other payables (notes 6(h) and 7)	3,604,860 8	3,991,128 11	
1310	Inventories (note 6(f))	7,760,333	18	6,791,093 18	2201	Salaries payable	1,154,205 3	1,105,153 3	
1470	Other current assets (note 8)	642,927	_ -	530,360	2300	Other current liabilities (note 6(v))	375,158 1	433,894 1	
		31,472,160	73	29,141,420 77	2320	Long-term borrowings, current portion (notes 6(o) and 8)	67,548 -	135,555 -	
	Non-current assets:				2365	Current refund liabilities	1,094,833 2	-	
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (note 6(g))	•	,	1			26,060,819 60	23,114,653 61	
1523	Non-current available-for-sale financial assets (note 6(d))	•	,	402,997		Non-Current liabilities:			
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive				2540	Long-term borrowings (notes 6(o) and 8)	239,015 1	83,333 -	
	income (note 6(c))	268,088	_		2630	Long-term deferred revenue (note 6(k))	910,800 2	1,039,581 3	
1600	Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(k) and 8)	5,509,536	13	4,437,684 12	2600	Other non-current liabilities (notes $6(g)$, (q) and (r))	980,749 2	555,774 2	
1760	Investment property (note 6(I))	34,751	,	35,214 -			2.130.564 5	1.678.688 5	
1780	Intangible assets (note 6(m))	4,463,979	10	2,730,188 7		Totalliabilities	28.191.383 65	24.793.341 66	
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(r))	654,310	2	548,995		Fauity affrihutable to owners of parent:	•		
1985	Long-term prepaid rents	223,064	,	217,520	3110	Ordinary shares (note 6(s))	4 474 523 10	4.456.883 12	
1990	Other non-current assets (note 8)	535,613	 - 	261,125	3140	Canital collected in advance (note 6(s))			
		11,689,341	27	8,633,723 23		Capital surplus (notes 6(i), (s) and (t))	1,377,077 3	1,232,490 3	
					3310	Legal reserve (note 6(s))	1,187,783 3	982,041 3	
					3320	Special reserve (note 6(s))	299,065	97,300 -	
					3350	Unappropriated retained earnings (notes 6(c), (i) and (s))	5,038,483 12	5,008,344 13	
					3400	Other equity interest (note 6(c))	(751,110) (2)	(394,871) (1)	
					36XX	Non-controlling interests (notes 6(i) and (j))	3,344,297 8	1,596,530 4	
			1			Total equity	14,970,118 35	12,981,802 34	
	Total assets	\$ 43,161,501	 위	37,775,143 100		Total liabilities and equity	\$ 43,161,501 100	37,775,143 100	

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

		2018		2017	
		Amount	<u>%</u>	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue (notes 6(v), 6 (w) and 7)	\$ 64,811,408	100	60,741,692	100
5000	Operating costs (notes $6(g)$, (q) , (x) , 7 and 12)	57,021,985	88	53,261,685	88
	Gross profit from operation	7,789,423	12	7,480,007	12
	Operating expenses (notes $6(q)$, (t) , (x) and 12):				
6100	Selling expenses	1,447,730	2	1,460,339	2
6200	Administrative expenses	1,796,927	3	1,454,789	2
6300	Research and development expenses	2,664,477	4	2,364,974	4
6450	Reversal of expected credit loss (note 6(e))	(62,225)			
	Total operating expenses	5,846,909	9	5,280,102	8
	Net operating income	1,942,514	3	2,199,905	4
	Non-operating income and expenses:				
7010	Other income (notes $6(c)$ and (y))	133,045	-	143,367	-
7020	Other gains and losses (notes 6 (d), (g) and (z))	349,320	1	541,030	1
7060	Share of loss of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(g))	(16,753)	-	-	-
7050	Finance costs	(43,924)	<u> </u>	(36,722)	
	Total non-operating income and expenses	421,688	1	647,675	1
	Profit before income tax	2,364,202	4	2,847,580	5
7950	Less: income tax expenses (note 6(r))	450,227	1	678,599	1
	Profit	1,913,975	3	2,168,981	4
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss):				
8310	Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
8311	Losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans (note 6(q))	(473)	-	(5,909)	-
8316	Unrealized losses from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(134,472)	-	-	-
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	<u>-</u>			
		(134,945)		(5,909)	
8360	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation's financial statements	(192,374)	-	(108,024)	-
8362	Unrealized losses on available-for-sale financial assets (notes 6(d) and (aa))	-	-	(331,977)	(1)
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss				
		(192,374)		(440,001)	<u>(1</u>)
8300	Other comprehensive loss after tax	(327,319)		(445,910)	<u>(1</u>)
	Comprehensive income	\$ <u>1,586,656</u>	3	1,723,071	3
	Profit attributable to:				
8610	Owners of parent	\$ 1,826,870	3	2,057,415	4
8620	Non-controlling interests (note 6(j))	87,105		111,566	
		\$ <u>1,913,975</u>	3	2,168,981	4
	Comprehensive income attributable to:				
8710	Owners of parent	\$ 1,504,297	3	1,606,886	3
8720	Non-controlling interests (note 6(j))	82,359		116,185	
	Farnings par share (note 6(u))	\$ <u>1,586,656</u>	<u>3</u>	1,723,071	<u>3</u>
9710	Earnings per share (note 6(u)) Basic earnings per share (NT dollars)	C	4.12		1 67
9810	Diluted earnings per share (NT dollars)	<u> </u>	4.12		4.63
9010	Direct carnings per share (141 uonars)	Ψ	7.07		7.03

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Equity 8	Equity attributable to owners of parent	vners of parent						
						'		Other equity interest	y interest				
								Unrealized gains (losses) from financial					
	Share capital	apital	I	R	Retained earnings		Exchange differences on	assets at fair value	Unrealized gains (losses)		Total equity		
	Ordinary	Capital collected in	Capital	Legal		Unappropriated retained	_	through other comprehensive	on available- for-sale	Unearned employee	ple of	Non- controlling	Total
Balance at January 1, 2017	shares \$ 4.421.343	3.024	791.466	788.634	97.300	<u>earnings</u>	(259.911)	ncome	financial assets	compensation (27.017)	parent 10.999.724	1.244.734	equity 12.244.458
Profit						2,057,415					2,057,415	111,566	2,168,981
Other comprehensive income	1		1			(5,909)	(112,643)		(331,977)		(450,529)	4,619	(445,910)
Comprehensive income		,				2,051,506	(112,643)		(331,977)		1,606,886	116,185	1,723,071
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:													
Appropriated legal reserve	,	,	,	193,407		(193,407)		,	,				,
Cash dividends of ordinary share	,	,	,	,		(1,111,886)		,	•		(1,111,886)		(1,111,886)
Changes in shares of investment accounted for using equity method	,	,	299,514	,		(517,288)		,	•		C		(217,774)
Amortization expense of restricted employee stock		,		,				,		79,420	79,420		79,420
Retirement of restricted stock	(940)	,	(2,881)	,				,	•	3,821			,
Compensation cost of share-based payment	,	,	11,072	,	,	•	ı	,	•		11,072	2,604	13,676
Issuance of restricted stock	30,000	,	122,030	,				,		(152,030)			,
Exercise of employee stock options	,	15,892		,			,				15,892		15,892
Issuance of ordinary shares for employee stock option and abandonment	6,480	(15,831)	11,289	,	,		,	,	•	,	1,938		1,938
Changes in non-controlling interests											ı	233,007	233,007
Balance at December 31, 2017 Effects of retrographing amplication	4,456,883	3,085	1,232,490	982,041	97,300	5,008,344	(372,554)	30.916	73,489	(95,806)	11,385,272	1,596,530	12,981,802
Balance at January 1, 2018 after adjustments	4.456.883	3.085	1.232,490	982.041	97.300	5.050.917	(372.554)	30,916	-	(92.806)	11.385.272	1.596.530	12.981.802
Profit	, ,	,	! 	 	 	1,826,870	 		,) 	l	87,105	1,913,975
Other comprehensive income	ı					(473)	(187,628)	(134,472)	1		(322,573)	(4,746)	(327,319)
	,	,		,		1,826,397	(187,628)	(134,472)	1		1,504,297	82,359	1,586,656
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:						0							
Appropriated legal reserve				747,747		(202,742)							
Appropriated special reserve					201,765	(201,765)							
Cash dividends of ordinary share						(1,430,068)					(1,430,068)		(1,430,068)
Changes in shares of investment accounted for using equity method	1	,	81,571				,	134				230,640	312,345
Amortization expense of restricted employee stock	•	,		,						84,615	84,615		84,615
Retirement of restricted stock	(3,640)	,	(45,324)	,			,		•	48,964			
Issuance of restricted stock	20,000	,	106,535	,				,		(126,535)	,	,	,
Issuance of ordinary shares for employees stock option	1,280	(3,085)	1,805	,									,
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value			i	1	1	(1,256)	1	1,256	ı	1		1	
unougn other comprehensive income Acquired non-controlling interest from business combination				,		,	,	,	,			1,434,768	1,434,768
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 4,474,523		1.377.077	1,187,783	299,065	5,038,483	(560,182)	(102,166)		(88,762)	11,625,821	3,344,297	14,970,118

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2018	2017
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		2 0 47 500
Profit before tax Adjustments:	\$ 2,364,202	2,847,580
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,614,689	1,513,201
Losses related to inventories	249,385	67,188
Reversal of expected credit loss / Provision (reversal of provision) for bad debt expense and sales returns and discounts	(62,225)	(10,392)
Interest expense	38,001	32,707
Interest income	(112,306)	(110,012
Compensation cost of share-based payment	122,994	93,096
Share of loss of associates accounted for using equity method	16,753	- 27.540
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	11,843	77,548
Gain from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets Loss on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	(4,950)	(330,887
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	1,874,184	1,332,449
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	1,071,101	1,552,115
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	25,543	166
Notes and accounts receivable	(2,839,678)	1,002,173
Accounts receivable from related parties	(185,411)	(3,070
Other receivables	(280,343)	(259,689
Inventories	(841,284)	224,508
Other current assets	21,876	60
Other operating assets	18,528	1,131
Changes in operating assets	(4,080,769)	965,279
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(83,127)	(47,323
Notes and accounts payable	1,944,724	(856,204
Salaries payable Accounts payable to related parties	26,099 (67,661)	(39,092
Other payables	353,358	220,175
Other current liabilities	(60,961)	9,942
Refund liabilities	(15,838)	
Other operating liabilities	(130,527)	(364,760
Changes in operating liabilities	1,966,067	(1,077,262
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	(2,114,702)	(111,983
Total adjustments	(240,518)	1,220,466
Cash inflow generated from operations	2,123,684	4,068,046
Interest received	112,306	110,012
Interest paid	(37,931)	(32,639
Income taxes paid	(411,108)	(733,254
Net cash flows from operating activities Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:	1,786,951	3,412,165
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(8,880)	_
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	7,343	_
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,107	-
Acquisition of subsidiaries (minus cash aquired)	- -	(646,638
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets	-	(21,045
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	-	497,186
Proceeds from capital reduction of available-for-sale financial assets	-	7,573
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method	(1,370,824)	-
Increase in restricted deposits	(57,751)	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(1,973,862)	(1,226,326
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	60,841	24,358
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits	48,944	(46,376
Dividends received	13,437	23,325
Change in non-controlling interest Acquisition of unamortized expense	273,832 (37,027)	25,366 (89,783
Aggregation from business combination without consideration transferred	379,844	(65,765
Increase in other non-current assets	(255,356)	-
Other investing activities	-	(34
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(2,917,352)	(1,452,394
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	(16,678)	995,638
Decrease in long-term borrowings	(106,914)	(382,223
Increase in guarantee deposits received	13,886	30,930
Cash dividends	(1,430,068)	(1,111,886
Exercise of employee share options		15,892
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(1,539,774)	(451,649
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(160,378)	(47,027
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,830,553)	1,461,095
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	7,821,011 \$ 4,990,458	6,359,916 7,821,011
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	a 4,990,438	/,041,011

PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD.

Comparison of Amendments to the Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets

Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and
Amended Content	Current Content	Explanation
II. Applicability of "Assets":	II. Applicability of "Assets":	Per amended ROC
v. Derivatives: Refers to Forward contracts, options contracts, futures contracts, leverage contracts, swap contracts, and compound contracts combining the above products, whose value is derived from a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index, or other variables; or hybrid contracts combining the above contracts; or hybrid contracts or structured products containing embedded derivatives. The term "forward contracts" does not include insurance contracts, performance contracts, after-sales service contracts, long-term leasing contracts. vi. Assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with the law: Refers to assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, or acquisitions conducted under the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institution Merger Act and other acts, or the transfer of shares from another company through issuance of new shares of its own as the consideration therefor (hereinafter referred to as "transfer of shares") under Article 156-3 of the Company Act. vii. Right-of-use assets. viii. Claims of financial institutions (including receivables, bills purchased and discounted, loans, and overdue receivables). ix. Other major assets. III. Evaluation Procedures:	v. Derivatives: Forward contracts, options contracts, futures contracts, leverage contracts, swap contracts, and compound contracts combining the above products, whose value is derived from assets, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, indexes, or other interests. The term "forwards" as previously stated does not include insurance contracts, performance contracts, after-sales service contracts, long-term leasing contracts, or long-term purchase (sales) agreements. vi. Assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with the law: Refers to assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, or acquisitions conducted under the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institution Merger Act and other acts, or the transfer of shares from another company through issuance of new shares of its own as the consideration therefor (hereinafter referred to as "transfer of shares") under Article 156, paragraph 8 of the Company Act. vii. Other major assets.	Per amended
Upon the acquisition or disposal of	Upon the acquisition or disposal of	ROC
negotiable securities or the trading of	negotiable securities or the trading of	regulations.
derivatives, the finance department shall first analyze the interests and evaluate	derivatives, the finance department shall first analyze the interests and evaluate	
possible risks; upon the acquisition or	possible risks; upon the acquisition or	
possion none, apon the acquisition of	positive fisher, apoil the acquisition of	

		Reason for
Amended Content	Current Content	Amendment and Explanation
disposal of real property, equipment and right-of-use asset, capital expenditure plans shall be drafted by respective departments in advance, providing feasibility assessment on the purpose of the acquisition or the disposal and the expected effects; upon related party transactions, evaluation on the reasonableness of terms and conditions of the transaction shall be carried out in accordance with Segment 3 of Section 2 of this standard operation procedure; upon the trading of derivatives, the status on futures market transactions, interest rates and foreign exchange rates shall be taken into account for consideration; upon mergers, demergers, acquisition or transfer of shares, the nature of the business, net value per share, value of asset, techniques and profitability, capacity and future growth potential, etc. shall be taken into account for consideration. IV. The establishment of the procedures shall be executed after the approval of the shareholders upon approval and submission by the board of directors. Regarding the amendment of procedures, after the procedures have been approved of by over half of all members of the Audit Committee, they shall be submitted to the board of directors and reported to the shareholders' meeting for approval. If approval of more than half of all Audit Committee members as aforementioned is not obtained, the procedures may be implemented if they are approved of by more than two-thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the board of	disposal of real property and equipment, capital expenditure plans shall be drafted by respective departments in advance, providing feasibility assessment on the purpose of the acquisition or the disposal and the expected effects; upon related party transactions, evaluation on the reasonableness of terms and conditions of the transaction shall be carried out in accordance with Segment 3 of Section 2 of this standard operation procedure; upon the trading of derivatives, the status on futures market transactions, interest rates and foreign exchange rates shall be taken into account for consideration; upon mergers, demergers, acquisition or transfer of shares, the nature of the business, net value per share, value of asset, techniques and profitability, capacity and future growth potential, etc. shall be taken into account for consideration. IV. After the procedures have been approved of by over half of all members of the Audit Committee, they shall be submitted to the board of directors and reported to the shareholders' meeting for approval; the same applies when the procedures are amended. If any director expresses dissent and it is contained in the minutes or a written statement, the company shall submit the director's dissenting opinion to the Audit Committee. They shall take into full consideration each independent director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of	
directors meeting minutes. The aforementioned Audit Committee members and board of directions apply to those in office. If any director objects to or expresses	directors meeting. If approval of more than half of all Audit Committee members as aforementioned is not obtained, the procedures may be implemented if they are	
reservations about the operating procedures, the dissenting opinion should be taken into full consideration, and it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.	approved of by more than two-thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the board of directors meeting minutes.	
VI. Evaluation Procedures on Acquisition or <u>Disposal of Assets, Equipment or</u> <u>Right-of-Use Assets</u> In acquiring or disposing of real property,	VI. <u>Assets</u> Evaluation Procedures In acquiring or disposing of real property or equipment where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent of the	Per amended ROC regulations.

1.10		Reason for
Amended Content	Current Content	Amendment and
aguirment or right of use assets where the	aampany's paid in conital or NT\$200	Explanation
equipment <u>or right-of-use assets</u> where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent of the	company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company, unless	
company's paid-in capital or NT\$300	transacting with a government agency,	
million or more, the company, unless	engaging others to build on its own land,	
transacting with a <u>domestic</u> government	engaging others to build on rented land, or	
agency, engaging others to build on its own	acquiring or disposing of equipment for	
land, engaging others to build on rented	business use, shall obtain an appraisal	
land, or acquiring or disposing of equipment	report prior to the date of occurrence of the	
for business use or its right-of-use assets,	event from a professional appraiser and	
shall obtain an appraisal report prior to the	shall further comply with the following	
date of occurrence of the event from a	provisions:	
professional appraiser and shall further	i. Where due to special circumstances it is	
comply with the following provisions:	necessary to give a limited price,	
i. Where due to special circumstances it is	specified price, or special price as a	
necessary to give a limited price, specified	reference basis for the transaction price,	
price, or special price as a reference basis	the transaction shall be submitted for	
for the transaction price, the transaction	approval in advance by the board of	
shall be submitted for approval in advance	directors, and the same procedure shall	
by the board of directors, and the same	be followed for any future changes to the	
procedure shall be followed for any future	terms and conditions of the transaction.	
changes to the terms and conditions of the		
transaction.		
IIX. Where the company acquires or disposes of	IIX. Where the company acquires or disposes	D 1 . 1
intangible assets or its right-of-use assets,	of memberships or intangible assets and	Per amended
or memberships and the transaction	the transaction amount reaches 20 percent	ROC
amount reaches 20 percent or more of	or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300	regulations.
paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more,	million or more, except in transactions	
except in transactions with a domestic	with a government agency, the company	
government agency, the company shall	shall engage a certified public accountant	
engage a certified public accountant prior	prior to the date of occurrence of the	
to the date of occurrence of the event to	event to render an opinion on the	
render an opinion on the reasonableness of	reasonableness of the transaction price;	
the transaction price; the certified public	the certified public accountant shall	
accountant shall comply with the	comply with the provisions of Statement	
provisions of Statement of Auditing	of Auditing Standards No. 20 published	
Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF.	by the ARDF.	
		D 1.1
X. Aside from professional appraisal and	X. Aside from professional appraisal and	Per amended
opinions from certified public accountants	opinions from certified public accountants	ROC
and field experts, for the calculation of the	and field experts, for the calculation of the	regulations.
price of the acquired or disposed asset and	price of the acquired or disposed asset and	
the basis for reference, the following procedures shall apply to the specific	the basis for reference, the following procedures shall apply to the specific	
situations accordingly:	situations accordingly:	
situations accordingly.	situations accordingly.	
iv. For acquired or disposed real property,	iv. For acquired or disposed real property	
equipment or right-of-use assets, the	and equipment, the current value,	
current value, assessed value, actual	assessed value, actual selling price or	
selling price or book value of	book value of neighboring real	
neighboring real property, and vendors'	property, and vendors' price quotes	

Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and Explanation
price quotes shall be taken into account for consideration. If real property is purchased from a related party, the calculation of the price should follow the regulations stated in segment 3 of section 2 of the standard operating procedures to assess the reasonableness of the transaction price.	shall be taken into account for consideration. If real property is purchased from a related party, the calculation of the price should follow the regulations stated in segment 3 of section 2 of the standard operating procedures to assess the reasonableness of the transaction price.	
XII. Investment Amounts and Limits The company and subsidiaries may invest on assets for the uses of business operations and also real property, equipment, its right-of use assets and securities for uses other than business operations, the amounts and limits are as stated below: i. For non-business use operations, the aggregated amount of initially invested real property, equipment, its right-of-use assets, and marketable securities of financial assets classified as fair value through profit and loss, shall not exceed 20 percent of the shareholders' equity according to the most recent fiscal financial statement. Initially invested amount of a single company on marketable securities categorized as a financial asset classified as fair value through profit and loss shall not exceed 5 percent of the shareholders' equity aforementioned. Initially invested amount of the purchase of money market funds shall not exceed 50 percent of shareholders' equity as aforementioned. This policy also applies to the company's subsidiaries. If a subsidiary's invested amount exceeds the limit, it can be excluded from this policy following the company's board of directors' approval and subsequent ratification of the approval. ii. The aggregated amount of initially invested securities by the company shall not exceed 150 percent of the shareholders' equity according to the most recent fiscal financial statement certified by the public accountant. However, the initially invested amount of joint venture for a single company on a financial asset not classified as fair value through profit and loss, is limited to 80	XII. Investment Amounts and Limits The company and subsidiaries may invest on assets for the uses of business operations and also real property and securities for uses other than business operations, the amounts and limits are as stated below. i. The aggregated amount of initially invested real property and short-term securities for uses other than business operations shall not exceed 20 percent of the shareholders' equity according to the most recent fiscal financial statement. Initially invested amount of short-term investments for a single company shall not exceed 5 percent of the shareholders' equity aforementioned. Initially invested amount of the purchase of money market funds shall not exceed 50 percent of shareholders' equity as aforementioned. This policy also applies to the company's subsidiaries. If a subsidiary's invested amount exceeds the limit, it can be excluded from this policy following the company's board of directors' approval and subsequent ratification of the approval. ii. The aggregated amount of initially invested securities by the company shall not exceed 150 percent of the shareholders' equity according to the most recent fiscal financial statement certified by the public accountant. However, the initially invested amount of long-term joint venture for a single company is limited to 80 percent of the shareholders' equity aforementioned.	Per amended ROC regulations and in line with wording of IFRS 9.

Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and Explanation
percent of the shareholders' equity aforementioned. "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" shall apply to related parties and subsidiaries.		Per amended
When the company intends to acquire or dispose of real property or its right-of-use assets from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property or its right-of-use assets from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of domestic government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or repurchase of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises, the company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make a payment until the following matters have been submitted to the Audit Committee with approval from over half of all committee members, followed by approval from the board of directors:	XIV. Appraisal Procedures When the company intends to acquire or dispose of real property from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or repurchase of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises, the company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make a payment until the following matters have been submitted to the Audit Committee with approval from over half of all committee members, followed by approval from the board of directors:	ROC regulations with the addition of appraisal procedure details. Having taken into consideration company business development plans, procurement planning and equipment rentals needs, and the comparably low risks of the transfer or leasing of
iii. With respect to the acquisition of real property or right-of-use assets from a related party, information regarding appraisal of the reasonableness of the preliminary transaction terms in accordance with articles XV and XVI. With respect to the types of transactions listed below, when to be conducted between a the company and its parent or	iii. With respect to the acquisition of real property from a related party, information regarding appraisal of the reasonableness of the preliminary transaction terms in accordance with articles XV and XVI. With respect to the acquisition or disposal of business-use equipment between the company and related parties, the	property or assets between the company and its 100 percent owned parent or subsidiaries, or between its subsidiaries.
which it directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the issued shares or authorized	company's board of directors may delegate the chairman to decide such matters when the transaction is within a	

certain amount and have the decisions

the next board of directors meeting.

When a matter is submitted for discussion by

preceding paragraph, the board of directors

the board of directors pursuant to the

subsequently submitted to and ratified by

capital, the company's board of directors

matters when the transaction is within a

certain amount and have the decisions

the next board of directors meeting:

may delegate the chairman to decide such

subsequently submitted to and ratified by

1. Acquisition or disposal of equipment or

Amended Content		Current Content	Reason for Amendment and Explanation
right-of-use assets thereof heluse. 2. Acquisition or disposal of right-of-use assets held for but When a matter is submitted for by the board of directors pursuant preceding paragraph, the board shall take into full considerate independent director's opinion independent director objects the expresses reservations about a shall be recorded in the minusuant of directors meeting.	real property siness use. or discussion uant to the d of directors on each as. If an o or any matter, it	shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. If an independent director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.	
Article I of this procedure sharecognized by the Audit Comshall first be approved by more all Audit Committee members submitted to the board of direct resolution. If approval by more all Audit Committee members acquired, it shall be approved than two-thirds of the board of and the resolution of the Audit shall be recorded in the board meeting minutes.	mittee, and it te than half of and then ctors for a te than half of s is not of by more f directors, t Committee		
XV. Evaluation of the Reasonables Transaction Costs: When the company acquires to or right-of-use assets from a reshall evaluate the reasonables transaction costs by the follow along with the review and opic certified public accountant, put the real property or right-of-unot acquired via inheritance of that more than 5 years will have from the time the related particular contract to obtain the real property or right-of-use assets to the significant the current transaction, or the was acquired through signing development contract with the party, or through engaging a reaction to build real property, either of company's own land or on reacting the real property right-of-use business use are acquired by the with its parent or subsidiaries subsidiaries in which it direct indirectly holds 100 percent of	eal property elated party, it ess of the ving means nions of a rovided that se assets was r as a gift, or ve elapsed v signed the perty or ng date for real property of a joint e related elated party n the ted land, or assets for he company or by its ly or	XV. Evaluation of the Reasonableness of the Transaction Costs: When the company acquires real property from a related party, it shall evaluate the reasonableness of the transaction costs by the following means along with the review and opinions of a certified public accountant, provided that the real property was not acquired via inheritance or as a gift, or that more than 5 years will have elapsed from the time the related party signed the contract to obtain the real property to the signing date for the current transaction, or the real property was acquired through signing of a joint development contract with the related party, or through engaging a related party to build real property, either on the company's own land or on rented land, where article XIV shall apply. iii. Where land and structures thereupon are combined as a single property purchased in one transaction, the transaction costs for the land and the	Per amended ROC regulations.

Shares or authorized capital, where article XIV shall apply. iii. Where land and structures thereupon are combined as a single property purchased or rented in one transaction, the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with ether of the means listed in the two preceding paragraphs. XVI. When the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions: 2. Transactions by unrelated partics within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the company acquiring real property or renting real property			Reason for
shares or authorized capital, where article XIV shall apply.	Amended Content	Current Content	Amendment and
iii. Where land and structures thereupon are combined as a single property purchased or rented in one transaction, the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the means listed in the two preceding paragraphs. XVI. When the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions: 2. Transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the company acquiring real property or renting real property y right-of-use assets from a related party provides evidence that the terms of the transactions are similar to the terms of the transactions or meaning real property or renting real property right-of-use assets from a related party provides evidence that the terms of the transactions for the acquisition of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market practices. 3. Completed leasing transactions by unrelated parties of other floors of the same property market preceding year involving other floors of the same property market preceding year involving other floors of the same property market preceding year involving other	shares or authorized capital, where article	structures may be separately appraised	Explanation
iii. Where land and structures thereupon are combined as a single property purchased or rented in one transaction, the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the means listed in the two preceding paragraphs. XVI. When the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions: 2. Transactions by unrelated partics within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the company acquiring real property or reinthoring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or reighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions: 2. Completed transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year market parcelies. 3. Completed leasing transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year market practices. 3. Completed leasing transactions by unrelated parties for other floors of the same property from within the preceding year. Where the transact		in accordance with either of the means	
combined as a single property purchased or rented in one transaction, the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the means listed in the two preceding paragraphs. XVI. When the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions:		listed in the two preceding paragraphs.	
purchased or rented in one transaction, the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the means listed in the two preceding paragraphs. XVI. When the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions:	1		
the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the means listed in the two preceding paragraphs. XVI. When the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions: 2. Transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the transaction from a professional real property or renting real property or renting real property or renting real property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the transaction remains and the transaction remains and accreament the preceding year involving other floors of the same property from within the preceding year where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market practices. 3. Completed leasing transactions by unrelated parties for other floors of the same property from within the preceding year, where the transaction erms are similar after calculation of reasonable pri			
in accordance with either of the means listed in the two preceding paragraphs. XVI. When the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions: 2. Transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the company acquiring real property or renting real property or renting real property right-of-use assets from a related party provides evidence that the terms of the transactions are similar to the terms of the transactions for the acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of lan			
XVI. When the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions:	structures may be separately appraised		
XVI. When the results of the company's appraisal conducted in accordance with the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions: 2. Transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the ecompany acquiring real property or renting real property or renting real property or renting real property or renting real property or the acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transaction frems are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies among flo	in accordance with either of the means		
appraisal conducted in accordance with the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions: 2. Transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the company acquiring real property or renting real property or large that the terms of the transactions for the acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties may be a certified public accountant have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser			
the preceding article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with article XVII. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a certified public accountant have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply: i. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions: 2. Transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the company acquiring real property or renting real property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the company acquiring real property or renting real property market purchase or rental practices. ii. Where the company acquiring real property or renting real property grident of the acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for he acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Transactions for he acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies among floo	* *		
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Transactions for neighboring or closely <u>leasing market practices.</u>	•	-	
Transactions for neighboring of closely			
, where a purcous of runner in this processing	valued parcels of land in the preceding	ii. Where the company acquiring real	
paragraph in principle refers to parcels property from a related party provides		property from a related party provides	

1.10		Reason for
Amended Content	Current Content	Amendment and
41 11 1 1	11 41 4 64	Explanation
on the same or an adjacent block and	evidence that the terms of the	
within a distance of no more than 500	transaction are similar to the terms of	
meters or parcels close in publicly	transactions completed for the	
announced current value; transactions	acquisition of neighboring or closely	
for similarly sized parcels in principle	valued parcels of land of a similar size	
refers to transactions completed by	by unrelated parties within the	
unrelated parties for parcels with a land	preceding year.	
area of no less than 50 percent of the	Completed transactions for	
property in the planned transaction;	neighboring or closely valued parcels	
within the preceding year refers to the	of land in the preceding paragraph in	
year preceding the date of occurrence of the acquisition of the real property or	principle refers to parcels on the same	
right-of-use assets.	or an adjacent block and within a	
right-of-use assets.	distance of no more than 500 meters or	
	parcels close in publicly announced	
	current value; transaction for similarly	
	sized parcels in principle refers to	
	transactions completed by unrelated	
	parties for parcels with a land area of	
	no less than 50 percent of the property	
	in the planned transaction; within the	
	preceding year refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the	
	acquisition of the real property.	
XVII. Where the company acquires real property	XVII. Where the company acquires real	Per amended
or right-of-use assets from a related party	property from a related party and the	ROC
and the results of appraisals conducted in	results of appraisals conducted in	regulations.
accordance with article XV and XVI are	accordance with article XV and XVI are	8
uniformly lower than the transaction	uniformly lower than the transaction	
price, the following steps shall be taken:	price, the following steps shall be taken:	
i. A special reserve shall be set aside in	i. A special reserve shall be set aside in	
accordance with article 41, paragraph 1	accordance with article 41, paragraph	
of the Securities and Exchange Act	1 of the Securities and Exchange Act	
against the difference between the real	against the difference between the	
property or right-of-use assets	real property transaction price and the	
transaction price and the appraised cost,	appraised cost, and may not be	
and may not be distributed or used for	distributed or used for capital increase	
capital increase or issuance of bonus	or issuance of bonus shares. Where	
shares. Where the company uses the	the company uses the equity method	
equity method to account for its	to account for its investment in	
investment in another company that is a	another company that is a public	
public company, then the special	company, then the special reserve	
reserve called for under article 41,	called for under article 41, paragraph	
paragraph 1 of the Securities and	1 of the Securities and Exchange Act	
Exchange Act shall be set aside pro rata	shall be set aside pro rata in a	
in a proportion consistent with the share	proportion consistent with the share	
of public company's equity stake in the	of public company's equity stake in	
other company. The special reserve as	the other company. The special	
stated in the preceding paragraph may	reserve as stated in the preceding	
not be utilized until the company has recognized a loss on decline in market	paragraph may not be utilized until the company has recognized a loss on	
value of the assets it purchased or rented	decline in market value of the assets it	
value of the assets it purchased of fented	decime in market value of the assets it	

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Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and
Amended Content	Current Content	Explanation
at a premium, or they have been	purchased at a premium, or they have	
disposed of, or the leasing contract has	been disposed of, or adequate	
been terminated, or adequate	compensation has been made, or the	
compensation has been made, or the	status quo ante has been restored, or	
status quo ante has been restored, or	there is other evidence confirming	
there is other evidence confirming that	that there was nothing unreasonable	
there was nothing unreasonable about	about the transaction, and the FSC has	
the transaction, and the FSC has given	given its consent.	
its consent.	ii. Actions taken pursuant to	
ii. All members of the Audit Committee	subparagraph 1 and subparagraph 2	
shall comply with Article 218 of the	shall be reported to a shareholders'	
Company Act.	meeting, and the details of the	
<u>iii</u> . Actions taken pursuant to subparagraph	transaction shall be disclosed in the	
1 and subparagraph 2 shall be reported to	annual report and any investment	
a shareholders' meeting, and the details	prospectus.	
of the transaction shall be disclosed in		
the annual report and any investment		
prospectus.		
iv. When obtaining real property or right-of-use assets thereof from a related		
party, it shall also comply with		
subparagraph 1 and subparagraph 2 if		
there is other evidence indicating that the		
acquisition was not an arms length		
transaction.		
XIIX. Trading Principles and Strategies	XIIX. Trading Principles and Strategies	Per amended
i. Types of derivatives: Forward	i. Types of derivatives: Forward	ROC
contracts, options contracts, interest	contracts, options contracts, interest	regulations.
and exchange swaps, future contracts,	and exchange swaps, future	
<u>leverage contracts</u> and compound	contracts, and compound contracts	
contracts combining the above	combining the above products. Any	
products, or hybrid contracts or	other products must be approved of	
structured products containing	for trading by the board of directors.	
embedded derivatives. Any other		
products must be approved of for		
trading by the board of directors.		
VV Internal Audit System	VV Internal Audit Systems	Per amended
XX. Internal Audit System: The company's internal audit personnel	XX. Internal Audit System: The company's internal audit personnel	ROC
shall periodically make a determination of	shall periodically make a determination of	regulations.
the suitability of internal controls on	the suitability of internal controls on	regulations.
derivatives and conduct a monthly audit of	derivatives and conduct a monthly audit	
how faithfully derivatives trading by the	of how faithfully derivatives trading by	
trading department adheres to the	the trading department adheres to the	
procedures for engaging in derivatives	procedures for engaging in derivatives	
trading, and prepare an audit report. If any	trading, and prepare an audit report. If any	
material violation is discovered, the senior	material violation is discovered, the	
management personnel appointed by the	senior management personnel appointed	
chairman and the board of directors shall be	by the chairman and the board of directors	
immediately reported to and the Audit	shall be immediately reported to and the	
Committee shall be notified in writing.	Audit Committee shall be notified in	
Committee shall be notified in writing.	Audit Committee shall be notified in	

		Reason for
Amended Content	Current Content	Amendment and
		Explanation
Where independent directors have been	writing.	
appointed in accordance with the		
provisions of the Act, for matters for which		
notice shall be given to the Audit		
Committee under the preceding paragraph,		
written notice shall also be given to the		
independent directors.	VVIV A 1D 4D 1	D 1 1
XXIX. Announce and Report Procedures:	XXIX. Announce and Report Procedures:	Per amended ROC
i.Under any of the following circumstances, upon acquiring or	i. Under any of the following circumstances, upon acquiring or	regulations.
disposing of assets the company shall	disposing of assets the company shall	regulations.
publicly announce and report the	publicly announce and report the	
relevant information on the governing	relevant information on the	
body's designated website in the	governing body's designated website	
appropriate format as prescribed by	in the appropriate format as	
regulations within 2 days commencing	prescribed by regulations within 2	
immediately from the date of occurrence	days commencing immediately from	
of the event:	the date of occurrence of the event:	
1. Acquisition or disposal of real	1. Acquisition or disposal of real	
property or right-of-use assets from or	property from or to a related party,	
to a related party, or acquisition or	or acquisition or disposal of assets	
disposal of assets other than real	other than real property from or to	
property or right-of-use assets from or	a related party where the	
to a related party where the	transaction amount reaches 20	
transaction amount reaches 20	percent or more of paid-in capital,	
percent or more of paid-in capital, 10	10 percent or more of the	
percent or more of the company's	company's total assets, or NT\$300	
total assets, or NT\$300 million or	million or more; provided, this	
more; provided, this shall not apply to	shall not apply to trading of	
trading of domestic government	government bonds or bonds under	
bonds or bonds under repurchase and	repurchase and resale agreements,	
resale agreements, or subscription or	or subscription or repurchase of	
repurchase of money market funds	money market funds issued by	
issued by domestic securities	domestic securities investment	
investment trust enterprises	trust enterprises.	
4. Where the type of asset acquired or	4. Where the type of asset acquired or	
disposed is equipment/machinery for	disposed is equipment/machinery	
business use or right-of-use assets, the	for business use, the trading	
trading counterparty is not a related	counterparty is not a related party,	
party, and the transaction amount is	and the transaction amount is less	
less than NT\$500 million.	than NT\$500 million.	
5. Where land is acquired under an	5. Where land is acquired under an	
arrangement on engaging others to	arrangement on engaging others to	
build on the company's own land,	build on the company's own land,	
engaging others to build on rented	engaging others to build on rented	
land, joint construction and allocation	land, joint construction and	
of housing units, joint construction	allocation of housing units, joint	
and allocation of ownership	construction and allocation of	
percentages, or joint construction and	ownership percentages, or joint	
separate sale, and furthermore the	construction and separate sale, and	

Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and
Amended Content	Current Content	Explanation
transaction counterparty is not a related party, and the amount the company expects to invest in the transaction is less than NT\$500 million. 6. Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the preceding 5 subparagraphs, a disposal of receivables by a financial institution, or an investment in the mainland China region reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million; provided, this shall not apply to the following circumstances: (1) Trading of domestic government bonds. (2) Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds. ii. The amount of transactions above shall be calculated as follows: 1. The amount of any individual transaction. 2. The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of the same type of underlying asset with the same trading counterparty within the preceding year. 3. The cumulative transaction amount of real property or right-of-use asset acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) within the same development project within the preceding year.	the amount the company expects to invest in the transaction is less than NT\$500 million. 6. Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the preceding 5 subparagraphs, a disposal of receivables by a financial institution, or an investment in the mainland China region reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million; provided, this shall not apply to the following circumstances: (1) Trading of government bonds. (2) Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds. ii. The amount of transactions above shall be calculated as follows: 1. The amount of any individual transaction. 2. The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of the same type of underlying asset with the same trading counterparty within the preceding year. 3. The cumulative transaction amount of real property acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) within the same development project within the preceding year.	
XXXI. Control of Acquisition or Disposal of Assets by Subsidiaries iii. The company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a public company if its acquired or disposed assets reach the standards of announce and report as stated in article IXXX prior to the occurrence of the fact, and the company shall announce and report pursuant to regulations at the designated website. The paid-in capital or total assets of the subsidiary shall be	XXXI. Control of Acquisition or Disposal of Assets by Subsidiaries iii. The company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a public company if its acquired or disposed assets reach the standards of announce and report as stated in article IXXX prior to the occurrence of the fact, and the company shall announce and report pursuant to regulations at the designated website. The paid-in	Per amended ROC regulations.

Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and Explanation
the standard for determining whether or not the subsidiary is subject to regulations requiring a public announcement and regulatory filing in the event the type of transaction specified therein of the total assets.	capital or total assets of the subsidiary shall be the standard for determining whether or not the subsidiary is subject to regulations requiring a public announcement and regulatory filing in the event the type of transaction specified therein reaches 20 percent of paid-in capital or 10 percent of the total assets.	
XXXIII. Regarding appraisal reports obtained for the company or opinions from public lawyers, or accountants, or securities underwriters, said appraiser, lawyer, accountant, or securities underwrite must not be related to the parties involved in the transaction and shall comply with article V of the previsions of public enterprises acquiring or disposing of assets.	XXXIII. Regarding appraisal reports obtained for the company or opinions from public lawyers, or accountants, or securities underwriters, said appraiser, lawyer, accountant, or securities underwrite must not be related to the parties involved in the transaction.	Per amended ROC regulations.
XXXIV. This corporate document was created on 200811/7 Seventh-time amendments were made on 2019/06/18.	XXXIV. This corporate document was created on 200811/7 Sixth-time amendments were made on 2018/5/30.	The addition of the date of the most recent amendments.

PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD.

Comparison of Amendments to the

Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties

1 Toccautes for	Lending runds to Other Parties	T
Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and Explanation
Article 2: Under Article 15 of the Company Act, the company shall not loan funds to any of its shareholders or any other person except under the following circumstances: i. Where an inter-company or inter-firm business transaction calls for a loan agreement. ii. Where an inter-company or inter-firm short-term financing facility is necessary, provided that such financing amount shall not exceed 40 percent of the lender's net worth. The term "short-term" as used in the preceding paragraph refers to one year, or where the company's operating cycle exceeds one year, one operating cycle. The term "financing amount" as used in sub-paragraph 2 of the first paragraph refers to the cumulative balance of the company's short-term financing. The restriction in the sub-paragraph of the first paragraph shall not apply to inter-company loans of funds between foreign companies in which the company directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the voting shares, or from foreign companies that directly or indirectly hold 100 percent of the voting shares on the company. However, article 4 and 6 of the operational procedures concerning the setting of the amount limits and the durations of loans shall still apply. If the owner of the company violates the regulation stated in article 1, he or she shall be held liable along with the party making the loan; if the company is subject to any damages, said owner shall also be held liable for the damages.	Article 2: Under Article 15 of the Company Act, the company shall not loan funds to any of its shareholders or any other person except under the following circumstances: i. Where an inter-company or inter-firm business transaction calls for a loan agreement. ii. Where an inter-company or inter-firm short-term financing facility is necessary, provided that such financing amount shall not exceed 40 percent of the lender's net worth. The term "short-term" as used in the preceding paragraph refers to one year, or where the company's operating cycle exceeds one year, one operating cycle. The term "financing amount" as used in sub-paragraph 2 of the first paragraph refers to the cumulative balance of the company's short-term financing. The restriction in the sub-paragraph of the first paragraph shall not apply to inter-company loans of funds between foreign companies in which the company directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the voting shares. However, article 4 and 6 of the operational procedures concerning the setting of the amount limits and the durations of loans shall still apply.	Per amended ROC regulations.
Article 4: Ceilings on the Aggregated Amount Made in Loaned Funds and for Individual Loans The amount of loaned funds the company is permitted to make for others must not exceed 40 percent of the net worth of the company according to its fiscal financial statement most recently ratified or reviewed by the accountant.	Article 4: Ceilings on the Aggregated Amount Made in Loaned Funds and for Individual Loans The amount of loaned funds the company is permitted to make for others must not exceed 40 percent of the net worth of the company according to its fiscal financial statement most recently ratified or reviewed by the accountant.	 Addition of amount ceilings per amended ROC regulations. As stated in ROC

Reason for Amended Content Current Content Amendment and Explanation The ceilings on the amounts made for each The ceilings on the amounts made for each regulations, borrower and the uses for the loaned fund are as borrower and the uses for the loaned fund are as the lending of funds from stated below: stated below: foreign i. The amount of loans for any single entity due i. The amount of loans for any single entity due to business needs shall not exceed the to business needs shall not exceed the subsidiaries company's purchase amount or sales amount, company's purchase amount or sales amount, that directly or indirectly whichever the higher the amount, of the most whichever the higher the amount, of the most recent year's or the present fiscal year's until recent year's or the present fiscal year's until hold 100 the time of the loan taking place. the time of the loan taking place. percent of the ii. The amount of individual short term financial ii. The amount of individual short term financial voting shares loans must not exceed 20 percent of the net loans must not exceed 20 percent of the net on the worth of the public company according to its worth of the public company according to its company is fiscal financial statement most recently fiscal financial statement most recently similar to the ratified or reviewed by the accountant. ratified or reviewed by the accountant. lending of The aggregated amount of loaned funds for The aggregated amount of loaned funds for funds others between foreign companies in which others between foreign companies in which between the company directly and indirectly holds 100 the company directly and indirectly holds 100 company percent of the voting shares shall not exceed percent of the voting shares shall not exceed departments, 60 percent of the net worth of the company 60 percent of the net worth of the company with according to its most recent fiscal financial according to its most recent fiscal financial comparably statement. statement. low risks involved. Regarding loans from a foreign company that directly or indirectly hold 100 percent of the thus the voting shares on the company, the amount of revision of the loan must not exceed 100 percent of the the limit of company's net worth as stated in the most the loan to recent fiscal financial statement. 100 percent of net worth per the company's most recent fiscal. financial statement. Per regulations Article 5: Procedures for the Loaning of Funds Article 5: Procedures for the Loaning of Funds stated in article i. Detailed Procedures i. Detailed Procedures VI of the Audit 1. When processing the loaning of funds or 1. When processing the loaning of funds or Committee short-term financial items, the company short-term financial items, the company Charter, the shall carefully evaluate if requirements are shall carefully evaluate if requirements are lending of met under the governing body's met under the governing body's funds of "Regulations governing Loaning of Funds "Regulations governing Loaning of Funds significant and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees amounts and its by Public Companies" and regulations on by Public Companies" and regulations on related matters the loaning of funds for others set by the the loaning of funds for others set by the

company. The accounting department

shall review the application and report to

the Audit Committee for approval from

submitted to the board of directors for

board resolution. If approval from over

over half of its members, and then

subsidiaries shall be made after board

2. The loaning of funds between the

- 45 -

company. The accounting department

shall review the application and report to

company and subsidiaries or within the

the board of directors for board resolution.

is listed as one

of the dutiful

functions and

powers of the

Committee,

Audit

thus the

Amended Content

half of the Audit Committee members as aforementioned is not acquired, the procedures may only be implemented if they are approved of by more than two-thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the board of directors meeting minutes. The aforementioned Audit Committee members and board of directions apply to those in office. If any director objects to or expresses reservations about the loan and its related matters, the dissenting opinion should be taken into full consideration, and it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.

- 2. The loaning of funds between the company and subsidiaries or within the subsidiaries shall be made after board resolution according to the rules stated in the preceding paragraph. The board of directors may authorize the chairman to allocate loans in batches or conduct revolving credit for a single borrower with a fixed amount and within one year's timeframe. The fixed amount previously stated must comply with Article 2 and with the approval from the Audit Committee and the board of directors. The amount of the loaned fund from the company or subsidiaries to any single entity shall not exceed 10 percent of the company's net worth as stated in the most recent fiscal financial statement.
- 3. The finance department shall prepare a memorandum book for its fund-loaning activities. After being granted approval of the memorandum book by its board of directors, the following information must be truthfully recorded: borrower, amount, date of approval by the board of directors, lending/borrowing date, and matters to be carefully evaluated according to the company's operational procedures.
- 4. The company's internal auditors shall audit all fund loaning operations and the implementation thereof no less frequently than quarterly and prepare written records accordingly. They shall promptly notify the Audit Committee in writing of any material violation found.

Current Content

resolution according to the rules stated in the preceding paragraph. The board of directors may authorize the chairman to allocate loans in batches or conduct revolving credit for a single borrower with a fixed amount and within one year's timeframe. The fixed amount previously stated must comply with Article 2 and with the approval from the board of directors. The amount of the loaned fund from the company or subsidiaries to any single entity shall not exceed 10 percent of the company's net worth as stated in the most recent fiscal financial statement.

- 3. Where the company has established the position of independent director, it shall take into full consideration the opinions of each independent director; independent directors' opinions specifically expressing assent or dissent and the reasons for dissent shall be included in the minutes of the board of directors' meeting.
- 4. The finance department shall prepare a memorandum book for its fund-loaning activities. After being granted approval of the memorandum book by its board of directors, the following information must be truthfully recorded: borrower, amount, date of approval by the board of directors, lending/borrowing date, and matters to be carefully evaluated according to the company's operational procedures.
- 5. The company's internal auditors shall audit all fund loaning operations and the implementation thereof no less frequently than quarterly and prepare written records accordingly. They shall promptly notify the Audit Committee in writing of any material violation found.
- 6. The finance department shall create, track and control a detailed list for the company's occurred or cancelled loaned funds by the month, and apply for announcing and reporting. The accounting department shall evaluate and record any uncollectable bad debts no less frequently than quarterly, adequately disclose information on loaned funds in the financial reports, and provide certified public accountants with relevant information.

Reason for Amendment and Explanation

revision in the procedures and the revision on paragraph numbering in article 5.

	Reason for
Current Content	Amendment and
	Explanation

5. The finance department shall create, track and control a detailed list for the company's occurred or cancelled loaned funds by the month, and apply for announcing and reporting. The accounting department shall evaluate and record any uncollectable bad debts no less frequently than quarterly, adequately disclose information on loaned funds in the financial reports, and provide certified public accountants with relevant information.

Amended Content

6. If, as a result of a change in circumstances, an entity for which a loan is made does not meet the requirements of regulations or the loan balance exceeds the limit, the company's finance department shall adopt rectification plans, submit the rectification plans to the Audit Committee, and complete the rectification according to the timeframe set out in the plan.

ii. Review Procedures

- 1. When processing the loaning of funds for others from the company, the company or proprietorship that is the borrower of the fund shall submit relevant financial information and statement of the uses of the loaned fund in advance in written form.
- 2. When the company approves of the application, the claims department shall investigate and evaluate the necessity of and reasonableness of extending loans to others, the direct or indirect business relationship between the company and the borrower, the financial condition of the borrower, repayment capacity, credit status, profitability, the uses of the loaned fund, the impact of the loaned fund and the sum towards the company's operational risks, financial condition, and shareholders' equity, and submit a written report to the Audit Committee and the board of directors for evaluation and resolution.
- 3. When processing the loaning of funds or short-term financial items, a bill of guarantee of the equivalent amount shall be obtained and chattel mortgage or real estate mortgage shall be set up if necessary. The company shall also

7. If, as a result of a change in circumstances, an entity for which a loan is made does not meet the requirements of regulations or the loan balance exceeds the limit, the company's finance department shall adopt rectification plans, submit the rectification plans to the Audit Committee, and complete the rectification according to the timeframe set out in the plan.

ii. Review Procedures

- 1. When processing the loaning of funds for others from the company, the company or proprietorship that is the borrower of the fund shall submit relevant financial information and statement of the uses of the loaned fund in advance in written form.
- 2. When the company approves of the application, the claims department shall investigate and evaluate the necessity of and reasonableness of extending loans to others, the direct or indirect business relationship between the company and the borrower, the financial condition of the borrower, repayment capacity, credit status, profitability, the uses of the loaned fund, the impact of the loaned fund and the sum towards the company's operational risks, financial condition, and shareholders' equity, and submit a written report to the board of directors for evaluation and board resolution.
- 3. When processing the loaning of funds or short-term financial items, a bill of guarantee of the equivalent amount shall be obtained and chattel mortgage or real estate mortgage shall be set up if necessary. The company shall also evaluate the value of the security no less frequently than quarterly to ensure it is equivalent to the loaned fund and balance, possibly requesting for additional security from the entity when it is deemed necessary.

		Reason for
Amended Content	Current Content	Amendment and Explanation
evaluate the value of the security no less frequently than quarterly to ensure it is equivalent to the loaned fund and balance, possibly requesting for additional security from the entity when it is deemed necessary.		
Article 6: Financing Deadline and Interest Calculation All funds financed from the company for others are limited to one year. The interests of loans and funds shall not be lower than the company's average interest rates for short-term loans for financial institutions. The rates shall be calculated monthly. Adjustments may be made towards exceptions with approval from the board of directors. Financing deadlines between foreign companies in which the company directly and indirectly holds 100 percent of the voting shares shall not exceed two years. Financing deadlines from foreign companies in which the company directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the voting shares on the company shall not exceed two years.	Article 6: Financing Deadline and Interest Calculation All funds financed from the company for others are limited to one year. The interests of loans and funds shall not be lower than the company's average interest rates for short-term loans for financial institutions. The rates shall be calculated monthly. Adjustments may be made towards exceptions with approval from the board of directors. Financing deadlines between foreign companies in which the company directly and indirectly holds 100 percent of the voting shares shall not exceed two years.	1. Revision of deadlines of loaned funds per amended ROC regulations. 2. Deadline set as two years considering the comparably low risk involved for loans from foreign subsidiaries in which the company holds 100 percent of the voting shares.
Article 8: Announce and Report Procedures These regulations shall be enforced from the date of promulgation. i. The finance department shall announce and report the previous month's loan balances of its head office and subsidiaries by the tenth day of each month in accordance with the regulated timeframe. ii. The finance department of the company whose loans of funds reach one of the following levels shall announce and report such event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence and it shall also announce and report loans and balances every month: 1. The aggregate balance of loans for others by the company and subsidiaries reaches 20 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest fiscal financial statement. 2. The aggregated balance of loans by the company and subsidiaries to a single enterprise reaches 10 percent or more of	Article 8: Announce and Report Procedures These regulations shall be enforced from the date of promulgation. i. The finance department shall announce and report the previous month's loan balances of its head office and subsidiaries by the tenth day of each month in accordance with the regulated timeframe. ii. The finance department of the company whose loans of funds reach one of the following levels shall announce and report such event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence and it shall also announce and report loans and balances every month: 1. The aggregate balance of loans for others by the company and subsidiaries reaches 20 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest fiscal financial statement. 2. The aggregated balance of loans by the company and subsidiaries to a single enterprise reaches 10 percent or more of	Per amended ROC regulations.

Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and
the company's net worth as stated in its	the company's net worth as stated in its	Explanation
latest fiscal financial statement.	latest fiscal financial statement.	
3. The amount of new loans made by the	3. The amount of new loans made by the	
company or its subsidiaries reaches	company or its subsidiaries reaches	
NT\$10 million or more, and reaches 2	NT\$10 million or more, and reaches 2	
percent or more of the company's net	percent or more of the company's net	
worth as stated in its latest fiscal financial	worth as stated in its latest fiscal financial	
statement.	statement.	
iii. The company shall announce and report on	iii. The company shall announce and report on	
behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a	behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a	
public company if there are items to	public company if there are items to	
announce and report as stated in the third	announce and report as stated in the third	
sub-paragraph of the previous paragraph. If	sub-paragraph of the previous paragraph. If	
its balance of loans reaches the standards of	its balance of loans reaches the standards of	
announce and report as stated in Article 8-2, the company shall, prior to the occurrence of	announce and report as stated in Article 8-2, the company shall, prior to the occurrence of	
the fact, announce and report pursuant to	the fact, announce and report pursuant to	
regulations at the designated website.	regulations at the designated website.	
The term "occurrence of the fact" as used in	The term "occurrence of the fact" as used in	
the operational procedures refers to the	the operational procedures refers to the	
contract day upon signing of contract, or the	contract day for the transaction, or the	
payment date, or the date designated by the	payment date, or the date designated by the	
board of directors, or the date of confirmed	board of directors, or the date of confirmed	
loan, counterparty and amount, whichever the	counterparty or <u>transaction</u> amount,	
earlier date prevails.	whichever the earlier date prevails.	
Article 9:	Article 9:	Details on the
Control Procedures for the Loaning of Funds of	Control Procedures for the Loaning of Funds of	procedures of
the Subsidiary i. If the subsidiary of the company is to loan	the Subsidiary i. If the subsidiary of the company is to loan	the lending of funds to others
funds to others, operational procedures must	funds to others, operational procedures must	and the
be in place and in accordance with	be in place and in accordance with	amendments of
"Procedures for Lending Funds to Other	"Procedures for Lending Funds to Other	the procedures
Parties". This also applies to amendments of	Parties", with approval from the board of	for company
said operational procedures.	directors and shareholders, and submitted to	subsidiaries
	the Audit Committee. This also applies to	can be found in
	amendments of said operational procedures.	their respective
Article 11:	Article 11:	regulations.
The Procedures for Lending Funds to Other	The Procedures for Lending Funds to Other	Per amended
Parties shall be approved by the board of	Parties are approved by the board of directors,	ROC
directors and reported to the shareholders'	having been submitted to the Audit Committee,	regulations.
meeting for approval prior to implementation.	and reported to the shareholders' meeting for	
The amendment of the procedures shall be	approval prior to implementation. If any director	
approved of by over half of the members of the	expresses objection and is recorded or stated in	
Audit Committee, submitted to the board of	written form, the company shall pass on the	
directors for resolution, and then reported to the	objection to the Audit Committee and report this	
board of shareholders for final ratification prior to implementation. If approval from over half of	to the shareholders' meeting for discussion. This also applies to the amendments of said	
the members of the Audit Committee is not	operational procedures. (Note: When the	
obtained, it shall be approved of by over	company has established the position of	
,		<u>i </u>

Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and Explanation
two-thirds of the board of directors, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors' meeting. The aforementioned Audit Committee members and board of directions apply to those in office. If any director objects to or expresses reservations about the amendment of said operational procedures, the dissenting opinion should be taken into full consideration, and it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.	independent director, it shall take into full consideration the opinions of each independent director; independent directors' opinions specifically expressing assent or dissent and the reasons for dissent shall be included in the minutes of the board of directors' meeting.)	
Article 12: This corporate document was created on 2008/11/7 Fifth-time amendments were made on 2019/6/18.	Article 12: This corporate document was created on 2008/11/7 Fourth-time amendments were made on 2015/6/29.	Most recent amendment date added to content.

PRIMAX ELECTRONICS LTD.

Comparison of Amendments to the

Procedures for Endorsements & Guarantees

1 loccuites for 1	andorsements & Guarantees	1
Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and Explanation
V. Procedures for Making Endorsements / Guarantees i. During the process of endorsements/guarantees applications, the finance department shall carefully evaluate the company's qualifications and amounts to ensure that it fully complies with the company's operational procedures and that all is in accordance with the announcing and reporting procedures. The company may loan funds to others only after the evaluation results have been submitted to the chairman for approval, followed by obtaining the approval of over half of the member of the Audit Committee, and then submitted and resolved upon by the board of directors. If approval from over half of the members of the Audit Committee is not obtained, it shall be approved of by over two-thirds of the board of directors, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting. The aforementioned Audit Committee members and board of directions apply to those in office. If any director objects to or expresses reservations about the endorsements/guarantees and related matters, the dissenting opinion should be taken into full consideration, and it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting. If the amount of the fund is in accordance with regulated amounts, the chairman shall proceed with authorization according to the other company's credit status and financial condition, followed by subsequent ratification by the board of directors. ii. Before making any endorsements/guarantees, a subsidiary in which the company directly or indirectly holds 90 percent or more of the voting shares shall submit the proposed endorsement/guarantee to the Audit Committee and the company's board of directors for a resolution, provided that this restriction shall not apply to endorsements/	V. Procedures for Making Endorsements / Guarantees i. During the process of endorsements/guarantees applications, the finance department shall carefully evaluate the company's qualifications and amounts to ensure that it fully complies with the company's operational procedures and that all is in accordance with the announcing and reporting procedures. The company may loan funds to others only after the evaluation results have been submitted to the chairman and are resolved upon by the board of directors. If the amount of the fund is in accordance with regulated amounts, the chairman shall proceed with authorization according to the other company's credit status and financial condition, followed by subsequent ratification by the board of directors. ii. Before making any endorsements/guarantees, a subsidiary in which the company directly or indirectly holds 90 percent or more of the voting shares shall submit the proposed endorsement/guarantee to the company's board of directors for a resolution, provided that this restriction shall not apply to endorsements/guarantees made between companies in which the company directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the voting shares	Per regulations stated in article VI of the Audit Committee Charter, major endorsements and guarantees are listed as one of the dutiful functions and powers of the Audit Committee, thus the revision in the procedures.

		Reason for
Amended Content	Current Content	Amendment and Explanation
guarantees made between companies in which the company directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the voting shares.		
VII. Control Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees of the Subsidiary i. If the subsidiary of the company is to make endorsements/guarantees to others, operational procedures must be in place and in accordance with said "Procedures for Endorsements & Guarantees". This also applies to amendments of said operational procedures	VII. Control Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees of the Subsidiary i. If the subsidiary of the company is to make endorsements/guarantees to others, operational procedures must be in place and in accordance with said operational procedures, with approval from the board of directors and shareholders, submitted to the audit committee. This also applies to amendments of said operational procedures	Details on the procedures of endorsements and guarantees and the amendments of the procedures for company subsidiaries can be found in their respective regulations.
VIII. Hierarchy of Decision-Making Authority and Delegation i. Upon an endorsement/guarantee being made by the company, authorization shall be made in accordance with V. Procedures for making endorsements/ guarantees of operating procedures. To be in accordance with the limitation period, as stated in IV. If the aggregate amount of endorsement/guarantees that is set as the ceiling for the company and its subsidiaries as a whole shall not exceed 50 percent or more of the endorsement/guarantee limit and also the limit set out towards any single entity, the board of directors shall authorize the chairman to grant approval followed by subsequent ratification by the board of directors.	VIII. Hierarchy of Decision-Making Authority and Delegation i. Upon an endorsement/guarantee being made by the company, authorization shall be made in accordance with V. Procedures for making endorsements/ guarantees of operating procedures and with the approval of the board of directors. To be in accordance with the limitation period, as stated in IV. If the aggregate amount of endorsement/guarantees that is set as the ceiling for the company and its subsidiaries as a whole shall not exceed 50 percent or more of the endorsement/guarantee limit and also the limit set out towards any single entity, the board of directors shall authorize the chairman to grant approval followed by subsequent ratification by the board of directors. Where the company has established the position of independent director, it shall take into full consideration the opinions of each independent director; independent directors' opinions specifically expressing assent or dissent and the reasons for dissent shall be included in the minutes of the board of directors' meeting.	Removed from this article as the content can be found in article V above.

Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and Explanation
X. Announce and Report Procedures These regulations shall be enforced from the date of promulgation. i. The finance department shall announce and report the previous month's loan balances of its head office and subsidiaries by the tenth day of each month in accordance with the regulated timeframe. ii. The finance department of the company whose loans of funds reach one of the following levels shall announce and report such event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence: 1. The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees to others by the company and subsidiaries reaches 50 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest fiscal financial statement. 2. The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees by the company and subsidiaries to a single enterprise reaches 20 percent or more of the company and subsidiaries to a single enterprise reaches NT\$10 million or more and the aggregate amount of all endorsements/guarantees for, invested book amount per the equity method in, and balance of loans to, such enterprise reaches 30 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest fiscal financial statement. 4. The amount of new endorsements/guarantees made by the company or subsidiaries reaches NT\$30 million or more, and reaches 5 percent or more of the company or subsidiaries reaches 5 percent or more of the company or subsidiaries reaches 5 percent or more of the company or subsidiaries reaches 5 percent or more of the company or subsidiaries reaches 5 percent or more of the company or subsidiaries reaches 5 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.	X. Announce and Report Procedures These regulations shall be enforced from the date of promulgation. i. The finance department shall announce and report the previous month's loan balances of its head office and subsidiaries by the tenth day of each month in accordance with the regulated timeframe. ii. The finance department of the company whose loans of funds reach one of the following levels shall announce and report such event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence: 1. The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees to others by the company and subsidiaries reaches 50 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest fiscal financial statement. 2. The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees by the company and subsidiaries to a single enterprise reaches 20 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest fiscal financial statement. 3. The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees by the company and subsidiaries to a single enterprise reaches NT\$10 million or more and the aggregate amount of all endorsements/guarantees for, investment of a long-term nature in, and balance of loans to, such enterprise reaches 30 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest fiscal financial statement. 4. The amount of new endorsements/guarantees made by the company or subsidiaries reaches NT\$30 million or more, and reaches 5 percent or more of the company or subsidiaries reaches 5 percent or more of the company or subsidiaries reaches 5 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.	
iii. The company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is	iii. The company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is	
not a public company if its balance of endorsements/guarantees reaches the	not a public company if its balance of endorsements/guarantees reaches the	
standards of announce and report as stated in the operational procedures prior	standards of announce and report as stated in the operational procedures prior	
to the occurrence of the fact, and the	to the occurrence of the fact, and the	

company shall announce and report

company shall announce and report

Amended Content	Current Content	Reason for Amendment and
pursuant to regulations at the designated website. The term "occurrence of the fact" as used in the operational procedures refers to the contract day upon date of signature, or the payment date, or the date designated by the board of directors, or the date of confirmed counterparty or amount of the endorsement/guarantee, whichever the earlier date prevails.	pursuant to regulations at the designated website. The term "occurrence of the fact" as used in the operational procedures refers to the contract day for the transaction, or the payment date, or the date designated by the board of directors, or the date of confirmed counterparty or transaction amount, whichever the earlier date prevails.	Explanation
XII. Supplemental Items The Procedures for Endorsements & Guarantees are resolved by the board of directors and submitted for approved of by the shareholders. The modifications of the operational procedures shall be approved of by over half of the members of the Audit Committee, submitted to the board of directors for resolution and reported to the shareholders' for subsequent approval prior to implementation. If approval from over half of the members of the Audit Committee as aforementioned is not obtained, it shall be approved of by over two-thirds of the board of directions, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting. The aforementioned Audit Committee members and board of directions apply to those in office. If any director objects to or expresses reservations towards the amendment of said operational procedures, the dissenting opinion should be taken into full consideration, and it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.	XII. Supplemental Items The Procedures for Endorsements & Guarantees are approved by the board of directors, having been submitted to the Audit Committee and reported to the hareholders' meeting for approval prior to implementation. If any director expresses objection and is recorded or stated in written form, the company shall pass on the objection to the Audit Committee and report this to the shareholders' meeting for discussion. This also applies to the modifications of the operational procedures. When the company has established the position of independent director, it shall take into full consideration the opinions of each independent director; independent directors' opinions specifically expressing assent or dissent and the reasons for dissent shall be included in the minutes of the board of directors' meeting.	Per amended ROC regulations.
XIII. This corporate document was created on	XIII. This corporate document was created on	Adding update to amendment
2008/11/7.	2008/11/7.	date.
Sixth-time amendments were made on 2019/06/18.	Fifth-time Amendment were made on 2015/6/29.	

Schedule 7

List of Independent Director Candidate

Shares	0
Current Position	 Zenith Consulting Company limited / Mnaging Partner and Director CITIC Capital Investment Holdings Limited / Bsiness partner ALT International Co., Ltd. / Independent Director
Experience	 Ping An Insurance(Group)Company of China, Ltd. / Tutor Egon Zehnder International / Global Senior Partner& Consumer Electronics BU,GM PRIMAX Electronics Ltd. / Corporate development Director (Term of employment: from Mar. 4, 2002 to Oct. 22, 2004) McKinsey& Company(HK/Shanghai) / Consultant P&G, TAIWAN / Project Manager
Education	Jia-Chyi Master of Wang management, Northwestern University, JL Kellogg School
Name of Candidates	Jia-Chyi Wang
Title	Independent

Addendum:

1. Nomination Policy and Process: Directors (including independent director) shall be elected pursuant to the candidate nomination system as specified in qualification of candidates, the Nomination Committee shall take into account the operation requirements as well as the diversity of Board Directors, candidate list for elections to the Board. In accordance with the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles of the Company, when reviewing the the Articles of Incorporation of the Company. The Nomination Committee undertakes a review of the qualification of candidates and submits a such as the background, work experience, gender, knowledge, and skills.

2. The overall capacity and diversity of candidate for independent director:

	Law	
ge and skills	Accounting and Financial	Λ
	Risk Information Accounting and Information Financial	
Professional knowledge and skills	N	Λ
Professi	Leadship Operating t and Policy decision Management	Λ
	Leadship and Policy decision	Λ
	Marketing Financial Management	Λ
erience	Financial	
Professional Experience	Marketing	>
Profess	GenderNationality Age Independent Industry Development director	
	Industry	^
Basic composition	Term of Independent director	Independent Jia-Chyi Female Director Wang Penale of China
	Age	45~50
	Nationality	Republic of China
Gender		Female
Name		Jia-Chyi Wang
Title		Independent Director

The information regarding the current operation of the Board of Directors and the Functional Committees, please refer to FIII. Corporate Governance Report 4. Status of Corporate Governance Implementation of the 2018 Annual Report

Proposal of removal of the non-competition restrictions on Directors

Title	Name	Current Position in the other companies
Director	Li-Sheng Liang	ALT International Co., Ltd. Director
Director		 Tymphany Acoustic Technology (Huizhou) Co., Ltd. Director ALT International Co., Ltd. Director
Director	Yung-Chung Pan	ALT International Co., Ltd. Director
Independent Director	Jia-Chyi Wang	ALT International Co., Ltd. Independent Director